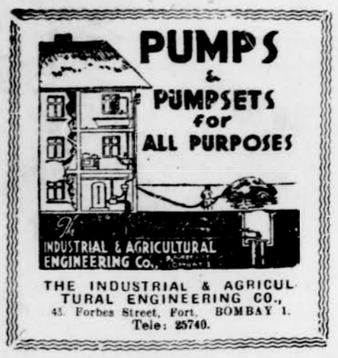

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Anglo-Japanese Pact On Burma Road

Temporary Closing Of Passage Of Supplies To China

BUTLER HECKLED IN COMMONS

Lord Cecil Warns Govt Against Policy Of Concessions

LONDON, July 17.

IT is learned that confirmation has now reached London from Tokyo that an agreement has been reached between Britain and Japan on the subject of a temporary closing of the Burma Road to passage of supplies to China.

BUTLER HECKLED IN COMMONS

In the House of Commons answering questions about the Anglo-Japanese Agreement on the position of the Burma Road, Mr. Butler said: "As the House will be aware His Majesty's Government recently received certain requests from the Japanese Government concerning passage of supplies to China. His Majesty's Government have been considering these requests and have made substantial progress towards an agreement for a specified period with the Japanese Government. The news of the conclusion of the agreement is expected at any time."

Mr. Butler indicated that a full statement would be made later. Mr. Butler hoped that meanwhile members would not press him for replies to any specific points they might raise.

AMERICAN VIEW

Mr. Wilfrid Roberts (Liberal) asked whether in view of the public statement by Mr. Cordell Hull yesterday the American Government had expressed its approval or disapproval of the arrangements made.

Mr. Butler: I think I must leave interpretation of American statements to Americans.

SPEAKER INTERVENES

Mr. Mander (Liberal):—Does he consider that this act of appeasement of an aggressor (cries of shame)—it is shameful—does he think it likely to be any more successful than previous attempts which have been made at Munich and elsewhere and is he going to refuse access—.

The Speaker interrupting said Mr. Mander must remember that the Minister expressed the hope that further questions would not be put.

Mr. Mander:—Is he going to refuse access to United States goods that may desire to go on this road in view of the protest that has been made?

Mr. Butler:—I think it is rather irresponsible of Mr. Mander to make a statement of that sort (Cheers) before he has heard the full statement which I have asked the House to await and which I am not in a position to give at present as I have not full information.

After further supplementary questions, Mr. Butler again appealed to the House to await the statement.—Reuter.

LORD CECIL WARNS GOVT.

Will Concessions To Japan Diminish Gravity Of Situation? He Asks

LONDON, July 17.

When the House of Lords met Lord Cecil asked if Government could make a statement on the negotiations with Japan.

Replying Lord Halifax made a brief statement similar to that made by Mr. Butler in the Commons and added: By reason, however, of the resignation of the Japanese Government I have no further official information as to the conclusion of the agreement and I am accordingly unable to make a full statement at the present time. I hope to be in a position to do so at an early date and I hope to do so to-morrow.

Lord Cecil said that he had no desire to embarrass the Government at the present time but we could not conceal from them that these negotiations had caused anxiety in a considerable section of the public. The change in Government in Japan had not diminished their anxiety in any way.

BE CAUTIOUS

Lord Cecil drew attention to one broad statement that there was some idea of using the influence of the country to produce peace between China and Japan. He asked Government to be very cautious in proceeding on those lines.

Discussing the closing of the Burma Road, Lord Cecil hoped that Government would be extremely careful before they committed themselves in any way to something which would appear to be like assisting Japan against China.

WHY CONCESSIONS

"We all recognise the immense seriousness of the position. I am most anxious in taking whatever steps they think will really diminish the gravity of the situation. But I would beg them to consider whether the policy of concession to Japan, apparently under threats, is likely to diminish the gravity. We have got to consider not only the material and immediate results of any action or non-action we may take but the ultimate results upon which victory in this war will depend."

Replying Lord Halifax said that he could not enter into debate with Lord Cecil on this occasion "but I should be sorry if he or any of your lordships should think that any of the grave matters to which he refers have been absent from the mind of His Majesty's Government. For the rest I hope the House will see well to await a fuller statement, which I hope to be able to make to-morrow."—Reuter.

AGREEMENT ON BURMA ROAD ISSUE?

British Steamer Detained By Japanese Navy

TOKIO, July 17.

Sir Robert Craigie had an hour's talk with Mr. Arita this evening.

It is stated that agreement on the question of the use of the Burma Road was formally reached.

Announcing the conclusion of

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 3)

NIGHT RAID ON TOBRUK

R. A. F. Secures Direct Hits On Asmara Aerodromes: Rome Claims Refuted

CAIRO, July 17.

A "communique" states that another night raid was carried out on Tobruk by R. A. F. bombers. Many bombs fell in the target area.

Enemy bombers yesterday raided Sidi Barrani but there were no casualties and the damage was negligible.

In Asmara aerodromes and the buildings there were raided, several direct hits being scored on buildings by high explosive bombs. While diving to attack through the cloud two of our aircraft collided. One crashed but the other, though damaged, was brought back safely.

An Italian aircraft attempted to raid Kurmuk in Sudan but was brought down by rifle fire.

A large formation of Italian fighters were engaged over Malta by two R. A. F. fighters. One enemy aircraft was shot down. One of our fighters crashed on landing.

ITALIAN CLAIMS

Reports from Rome and other enemy sources made grossly exaggerated claims that since Italy entered the war many British aircraft had been shot down over Malta. The fighter which crashed yesterday was the first R. A. F. casualty for five weeks. Repeatedly two or three British fighters had been in action against Italian formations, sometimes twenty strong. Although greatly outnumbered these fighters have accounted for ten enemy aircraft definitely shot down. Seven more in all probability never returned to their bases.

A naval "communique" on last night's air-raid on Alexandria says:—"Air-raid lasted about an hour. Some bombs were dropped but no damage has hitherto been reported. One person was killed and two were injured".

ALEXANDRIA:—One machine is understood to have been shot down off the coast in last night's raid over Alexandria by several aircraft. Bombs were dropped, but so far the damage is not known.

NAIROBI:—A "communique" says "A quiet day on the Moyale front. On Monday bombers carried out a successful raid on Moyale when a number of direct hits were obtained. Wajir was bombed on Tuesday by enemy aircraft but no damage or casualties is reported".—Reuter.

HUNGARY FOR PEACE IN BALKANS

BUDAPEST, July 16.

It is absolutely necessary to maintain peace and calm in South-Eastern Europe but just, lasting and fruitful foundations for peace must be established, declared Count Csaky in a statement to the Foreign Affairs Committee of Parliament on his recent visit to Germany.

Count Csaky added, "Hungary's friends agree with this view. We have reached a point where we can see a better future dawning for us.

Hungary hopes that no one will thoughtlessly oppose her peaceful intentions but if such a thing should happen she will face up to it.

Hungary hopes that by a reasonable settlement she can win friends worthy of her confidence instead of fierce opponents. The silent struggle that had been in progress hitherto had been bitter and hard.

Hungary however was ready to face new struggles in every sphere in agreement with the powers who had so many times helped **the Hungarian cause".**

'WILL HELP TO SAVE EMPIRE'

Lt.-Col. Coote's Plea For Grant Of Dominion Status To India

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 17.

Parliamentarians read with great interest the letter to the 'News Chronicle' from Bombay from a retired army man Lt.-Col. Mervyan Coote commenting on Indian Commander-in-Chief's broadcast of May 31, announcing the raising of 100,000 men and extra squadrons for Indian Air Force.

The writer asks 'News Chronicle' to demand that India be given Dominion Status and ask India to raise an Indian National Army of 50,000 air pilots and ten million men for the army. The writer maintains that India has a great wealth of resources, which European and officials know little about and cannot tap.

TO SAVE EMPIRE

The writer adds Indian National Government—Congress or otherwise—can and would enlist these resources and India would then be able to do her full share, which she is longing to carry on her shoulders and will then supply if she can to help and possibly—save the Empire.

INEXPLICABLE DELAY IN BERLIN

LAUSANNE, July 17.

A strange expectant atmosphere prevails in Berlin, according to a dispatch to the "Tribune de Lausanne" from their Berlin correspondent.

The correspondent records that neutral observers are surprised at the delay in launching the offensive against Britain, which it had been announced would follow immediately the conclusion of the armistice with France.

The dispatch adds that the expedition against Britain is not a military parade; as time passes difficulties of the enterprise appear greater than ever.—Reuter.

NAZI MENACE TELLS ON SPAIN

GIBRALTAR, July 17.

According to reliable information reaching here from Spain there it is said everywhere that now that the Germans are at their very doors the Spaniards are becoming thoroughly frightened. It appears that when the Germans arrived at Hendaye the Spanish authorities on the frontier received them with considerable ceremony and German soldiers off duty were allowed to wander more or less at will about North Spain, but a parade of German motorised column arranged to take place at San Sebastian was suddenly cancelled without a reason being given. Another significant fact was the replacement of Gen. Yague by Gen. Vigon, who is noted for his moderation, as Minister for the Air. It is believed that the Germans have about 40,000 men at the frontier.

This does not represent a force strong enough for any violation of Spanish territory but there are doubtless bigger forces behind them.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT'S CHANCES

CHICAGO, July 17.

"Draft Roosevelt" sentiment swept through the Democratic Convention to-day with fierceness which threatened to smother any opposition to a third term and to leave unanswered the question how Mr. Roosevelt will be nominated.

New Deal leaders are confidently predicting that Mr. Roosevelt will accept and some are even hinting that he will address the Convention by telephone from the White House. It was decided to hold the nominations to-night instead of to-morrow as originally arranged.—Reuter.

Sensational Arrests In Gujranwala

Defence Of India Act Takes Heavy Toll

GUJRANWALA, July 17.

Mr. Labh Singh, a former member of the Legislative Council, Mr. Ata Mahomed, Advocate and brother of Mr. Justice Din Mahomed, Mr. Niranjan Das, Advocate, Dr. Mohan Singh and Dr. Giani were arrested under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

TATA'S NEW SCHEME

Move To Convert Deferred Shares Into Ordinaries Under Consideration

(From Our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Tata Iron and Steel Company has issued the following press communique.

The Board of Directors of the Tata Iron and Steel Company are considering a scheme under which the Deferred Shares of the Company would be extinguished by the issue of additional ordinary shares in their place. The conversion of Deferred shares into Ordinary shares would be made on a basis which would be equitable to both classes of shareholders The conversion will not in any case involve any payment in cash.

Before such a scheme could be put into effect, a general meeting of the Company and also separate meetings of Ordinary and Deferred Shareholders will have to be specially convened for the purpose. The scheme will also require the sanction of the Bombay High Court. The shareholders will therefore have ample opportunities to express their opinion on the scheme which will be subject to their sanction and approval."

Past Moves For Conversion

So far the basis of conversion has been fixed the matter is under consideration. The ratio will probably be one to 5 1/4 or 5 1/2

In past years, such moves for conversion were made, but this if approved, it will increase the time the attempt is serious, and paid up capital of the Company.

Against the paid up capital of Rs. 10,450,000 the assets in March 1939, including collieries stood at Rs. 26,700,000, and with Rs: 12,55,00,000 under depreciation, the net Bloc account was Rs. 14,13,00,000. This includes Rs. 2 crores Government loans, and Rs. 2 crores of other funds.

In case 5 1/2 ordinary shares are given per Dfd. the present number of 3 1/2 lakhs of ordinary shares will increase to 6,18,600 shares, and the capital at the rate of Rs. 75 per ordinary will increase by rupees two crores.

It is stated that the present holders of Dfd. shares are getting unduly large share of the profits in proportion to the capital, and the big figure of dividend which becomes an eyesore to the public will disappear; and with the increase in capital, the profit ratio will also come down.

It may be mentioned here that when the Tata Steel Co., was floated, with a view to attract capital, those who possessed a certain number of Ordinary Shares were given the option of Dfd. Shares at the original price.

Some believe that the new proposal under consideration, will not be advantageous to Dfd. Shareholders, who had to wait for years for a dividend. Now when the Company has made satisfactory progress, they may be looking for better and brighter prospects. Naturally those who are holding Dfd. Shares will not be attracted by the proposed change, but, individual holders will not be able to make their voice felt against those who are possessing these Shares in large Blocs.

The special financial expert who is now with the Tatas might have prepared a scheme, and until full details are available it is too early to pronounce an opinion.

Arrest At Amritsar

LAHORE, July 17.

Autar Singh, alias Sidha Jat, a Congress worker, was arrested to-day under the Defence of India Act at his village in Amritsar district. The arrest is said to have been made in connection with a speech recently delivered by him at Multan.—A. P.

Security Demanded From Muslim Daily

KARACHI, July 15.

Security of Rs. 3,000 has been demanded by the Sind Government from 'Islah' local Muslim Daily under the Indian Press Emergency Act to-day.—A. P.

Sentence On Congressman Reduced

LAHORE, July 17.

Mr. Justice Kanwar Daleep Singh, Vacation Judge of the Lahore High Court reduced the sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment passed on Abdul Aziz, President of the District Congress Committee, Rawalpindi, under the Defence of India rules to the term already undergone.—A. P.

Madras Socialist Arrested

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Jeevanandam, Secretary of the Madras Congress Socialist Party, who has come from Madras immediately after the outbreak of the war and who has been in Bombay ever since has been arrested by Sub-Inspector Dharkar of the Bombay C. I. D. Special Branch after a search of his residence at Hindu Colony, Dadar, under Sec. 129 I. A. of Defence of India Act. He was removed to the Esplanade Police lock-up to-day. He will be taken to the Police Commissioner to-morrow.

ARRESTS IN MADRAS

MADRAS, July 17.

Mr. V. M. Sabapathy, member of the Second Circle Congress Committee and member of the Madras Congress Socialist Party, was arrested at the Socialist Party Office under the Defence of India Rules.

Messrs. G. Chengalvarayan and S. Chengalvarayan, both members of the Madras Press Labour Union, were also arrested under the same Rules.—United Press.

Quit Order On Socialist

MADRAS, July 17.

V. Ramanathan, a member of the Tamil Nad Congress Socialist Party and Madura Town Congress Committee has been served with an order under Rule 26 (1) of the Defence of India directing him to go to his village within 24 hours

Continued on Page 5 Col. 4.

Stalin Receives Cripps

LONDON, July 17.

It transpires that Sir Stafford Cripps, the British Ambassador in Moscow, was received at the Kremlin by M. Stalin on July 1 when a friendly conversation dealing with questions of mutual and general interest ensued, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.—Reuter.

BR. GUARANTEE TO RUMANIA

No Further Obligations On His Majesty's Government

LONDON, July 17.

In the House of Commons asked whether British guarantee to Rumania remained in force, Mr. Butler, Foreign Under-Secretary, said that the British Government in the present circumstances did not consider that any further obligation devolved upon them under the terms of the guarantee given to Rumania in April, 1939.—Reuter.

PETAIN DEMANDS REPARATIONS

For Damage To French Fleet At Oran

LONDON, July 17.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns from well-informed circles in London that the French Government has asked for reparations for damage done to the French Fleet by British Naval action at Oran.

The matter is now under consideration by the Government.

The note also contained certain other references regarding the position of diplomatic relations between the two countries.

For the present, the diplomatic situation between Britain and France remains obscure. The French Charge D'Affaires Marquis de Castellane called at the Foreign Office yesterday to take formal leave of Lord Halifax.

It is understood the French Embassy Staff will be leaving the country in the course of the next day or two.—Reuter.

FR. COLONIES IN PACIFIC AND INDIAN OCEANS

LONDON, July 17.

In the House of Commons asked for a statement regarding the position of Madagascar and Bourbon and other French colonies in the Indian and Pacific oceans in view of the present international situation, Mr. Butler said: "Government is alive to the importance of this question but I regret I am not in a position to make a statement on the situation in these territories."—Reuter.

SPAIN BREAKS OFF FROM CHILE

LONDON, July 17.

The Spanish Government has broken off diplomatic relations with Chile.

A Communique issued in Madrid says that the Chile Government tolerated assaults by the Communists against the Spanish Government.—Reuter.

EVACUATION FROM GIBRALTAR

GIBRALTAR, July 17.

It is officially announced that all children under seventeen and all women must be evacuated shortly.

Men over forty-five and those physically unfit must also leave and only those employed in essential services may remain.—Reuter.

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1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

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Wanted 6 Elec. and Mech. Engineers, 6 Sub-Overseers, 4 Doctors, 4 Lawyers and 6 Graduates to apply to No. 13441, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted 18 Graduates, 9 Doctors, 7 Engineers, 5 Lawyers and 4 Clerks to apply to No. 13438, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted applications from matriculates for the course of Stationmaster, Asst. Stationmaster and Signaller, Rs. 30/- as scholarship and Railway fare Terms. Non-matrics can also apply for the lower posts. Apply with 2 annas stamps to the Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (13439)

Wanted one lady professor on Rs. 100—10—150 p.m. only with free quarters to teach Philosophy. Only M.A.'s need apply. Applications should reach the undersigned by the 25th July, 1940. S. Srivastava, Lady Member incharge, Girls Education, Municipal Board, Cawnpore. (2975)

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CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NO.

On and from 16th July, 1940, the Telephone Number will be CHANGED to

"30874" (2 Lines)

2972

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Thursday afternoon the 18th July, 1940 at 2-45 P. M. (S. T.).

MATHURADAS VISSANJI, Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 17th July, 1940. (2992)

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bombay Central Public Works Division, Central Govt. Offices Building, Queen's Road, Bombay, will receive tenders upto 12.00 Noon 2nd August, 1940, from approved 1st and 2nd class contractors for the work "Construction of a Semi-Permanent Office Building at the Civil Aerodrome at Juhu, Bombay, (Building Portion)". Total cost approximate Rs. 31,565/-

Tender forms, plans and conditions of contract will be obtainable from his Office on any working day between 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. at Rs. 5/4/- per copy which will not be refunded. (2989)

NOTICE

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.

THE Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay are prepared to consider applications for the post of Deputy Municipal Commissioner under Section 55 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888.

The pay of the post is Rs. 1,200-50-1,500 plus Rs. 160 conveyance allowance per mensem.

The applicant should be a native of the Province of Bombay or should have at the time of appointment a domicile in the Province of Bombay or in an Indian State lying within the Geographical limits of the Province of Bombay and must have at least a second class degree in Arts, Law, Science or Commerce of the Bombay University or must be the holder of an equivalent degree of a recognised University and possess administrative experience of not less than ten years.

The selected candidate will be entitled to the benefits of the Municipal Leave Regulations and the Municipal Provident Fund. He will be appointed on one year's probation in the first instance, if he is not already in Municipal service and will be confirmed thereafter on approved service.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience, etc., and accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should reach the undersigned on or before Monday the 12th August, 1940.

Persons in Municipal service are eligible to apply.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

M. D. BHAT, Municipal Commissioner,

Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, 9th July, 1940. (2940)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 1090 OF 1940

1. MAHADEV BALKRISHNA BERDE, and 2. SHANKER GANPAT MORE both of Bombay Konkanastha Vaishya Hindu Inhabitants, No. 1 being the Chairman of the hereinafter mentioned Konkanastha Vaishya Dnyati Fund and a Merchant, residing at Girgaum, outside the Fort of Bombay and No. 2 being the Secretary of the said Konkanastha Vaishya Dnyati Fund and also a Merchant, residing at Tara Temple Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay, for and on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Konkanastha Vaishya Dnyati Fund an unincorporated association of persons belonging to the Konkanastha Vaishya Community and having its office at Kandewadi, outside the Fort of Bombay: ..... Plaintiffs.

versus

DASHARATH VASUDEV KOLTE of Bombay Konkanastha Vaishya Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Naigaum, outside the Fort of Bombay: .... Defendant.

To,

The Members of the Konkanastha Vaishya Dnyati Fund, Bombay.

PURSUANT to the Order made herein by the Honourable Mr. Justice Wadia on the 28th day of June, 1940, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order I, Rule 8. of the Code of the Civil Procedure that the above suit has been filed by the abovenamed Plaintiffs against the abovenamed Defendant on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Konkanastha Vaishya Dnyati Fund, Bombay praying for the following reliefs:—

That the Defendant may be ordered and decreed to pay to the Plaintiffs as the Chairman and the Secretary respectively of the said Konkanastha Vaishya Dnyati Fund, Bombay, a sum of Rs. 3,625-15-0 together with interest thereon at 6% per annum from the 23rd August, 1934, till judgment, costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 6% per annum.

And that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 2nd day of September, 1940.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1940

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL, Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

This 15th day of July, 1940.

Messrs. M. V. GOKHALE & Co., Plaintiffs' Attorneys. (2993)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of NARANDAS RAMJI also known as NARANDAS RAMJEE, of Borivli Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, resided at the time of his death at Gorai Road, Borivli, in the Suburban District of Bombay .. Deceased.

KARSONDAS NARANDAS, of Borivli Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Gorai Road, Borivli, in the Suburban District of Bombay .. Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 12th day of July in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty and in the fourth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL, Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI,

Messrs. DABHOLKAR & JESHTARAM, Petitioner's Attorneys.

The 12th day of July, 1940. (2990)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

BONA FIDE SALE

Under instructions from Mr. H. F. A. North, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 20th July, 1940, at 3-30 P.M. (S. T.) at 137, Queen's Road adjoining the Japanese Gymkhana highly artistically designed drawing, dining and bed room furniture, writing desk with built in cocktail cabinet, book case etc. on view.

BENNETT & Co.

Who pays the WAGES of SIN while the sinner escapes?

India Artists' Great Screenplay

BAHURANI

Answers this pertinent question

★ KISHORE SAHU
★ ANURADHA
★ ROSE

"A mirror of Indian Social Life" —Bombay Chronicle

Daily 4-30, 7-15, 10 P.M. Sat., Sun., & Holidays Matinee, at 1-45 P.M.

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ARDHANGI

(The Better Half)

18th WEEK AT

NEW WEST END

Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.

SEE IT,

TO FOLLOW ITS MESSAGE—

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DNYANESHWAR

Directed By: DAMLE & FATEHLAL

Starring: YESHWANT, SHAHU MODAK & SUMATI GUPTE

9th WEEK AT

CENTRAL

Marathi: 4, 7 p.m. Hindi 9-45 p.m.

YOU HAVE SEEN MANY PICTURES But you might like This One!

NATIONAL STUDIOS' **"WOMAN"**

Starring: SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR, And YAKUB.

Director:—MEHBOOB

TO-DAY AT

PATHE

3-30. 6-30 & 10 p.m.

AROUND THE COURTS

GAMBLING SUSPECT HURLS SHOE AT CONSTABLE

Imamiya Hussainmiya, who was arrested yesterday under the Anti-Gambling Act, was being taken to the police station, when he is alleged to have hurled a shoe at the constable, who took him into custody.

For an alleged offence under the Gambling Act he was produced before an Honorary Magistrate today.

For the second offence he was produced before Mr. I. S. Haji, at Mazagaon Police Court, who ordered his remand into police custody till the 24th.

MURDER VERDICT AT INQUEST

The Coroner's Jury recommended the prosecution of Inayatulla Abdulla on a charge of murdering Sardarbi Karamdin (25), a prostitute of Foras Road, on Tuesday morning.

MORE CONVICTIONS UNDER LIGHTING RULES.

For contravening the lighting regulations, H. P. James, Proprietor of the Pioneer Coffee House situated at Churchgate Street was sentenced to 1 day's S. I. and a fine of Rs. 5 by Mr. Oscar H. Browne, Presidency Magistrate this morning.

Altogether 21 lighting cases were disposed off by Mr. Oscar H. Browne to-day. In three of the cases the accused were admonished and allowed to go as stated above.

THREE MONTHS' JAIL FOR KEEPING "UMBRELLA SWORD"

An "umbrella sword" was seized, according to the Police evidence, from Rambhawoo Arusimal, by a Police Constable on June 7.

The Police Constable, who arrested the accused stated, that he saw the accused in a Musafarkhana, cleaning the dagger.

The Magistrate took a serious view of the matter and sentenced the accused to three months' rigorous imprisonment, under the Arms Act.

"RUSTOM BAUG CASES"

Settlement Arrived At

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

To-day in the Court of the Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Coelho, the 3 cases known as "the Rustom Baug Cases" came up for hearing.

Mr. Phirozsha P. Mistry has filed a criminal complaint against Dali Cursetji Mistry, Jehangir Cursetji Mistry and Noshir K. Mody charging them with assault and insult.

Dal Mistry and Jehangir Mistry had filed a similar complaint against Phirozsha Mistry.

Mr. Andhyatujina, (Advocate), appeared for Phirozsha Mistry. Mr. Chinivalla, (Advocate), appeared for Dali and Jehangir Mistry and Mr. Antia (Advocate), appeared for Noshir Mody.

The terms of settlement which was arrived at are as follows:—

"Dali Cursetji Mistry and Jehangir Cursetji Mistry undertake not to molest Phirozsha Mistry.

And in the cross cases against Phirozsha Mistry the cases were compounded on the following terms: Jehangir and Dali Mistry withdrawn allegations made against Phirosha Mistry.

As regards the third accused Noshir Mody, it was agreed that he should pay Rs. 10 in charity in addition to the above undertaking given by the accused Nos. 1 and 2.

The above terms of settlement were recorded by the Magistrate and all the three cases were marked compounded.

LIGHTING RESTRICTIONS 'INTRA VIRES'

The conferment of powers to issue orders under the Defence of India Act was in consonance with Section 124 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1935, as recently amended by the Government of India (Amendment) Act of 1939. Therefore, the orders contained in the recent Notification by the Police Commissioner are not 'ultra vires.'

This opinion was expressed by Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, in delivering judgment in the case in which one Guna Tannu, a motor-driver, was convicted of contravening the lighting restrictions.

The accused was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Re. 1.

Mr. Dhire Desai, Barrister, was convicted to-day of breach of lighting rules in the court of Mr. D. S. Babrekar at Girgaum in respect of three unshaded lights in the kitchen of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's bungalow at Warden Road, and sentenced to one day's S. I. and a fine of Rs. 10.

Mr. Desai pleaded guilty. Mr. Joachim Alwa appeared for Mr. Desai.

JEWELLERY WORTH ONE LAKH MISSING.

Jewellers in Bombay are very much intrigued by the alleged disappearance of Uma Shankar Raval, a Jewellery Broker residing at Haragovind Desai Wadi, Pinjarpole Lane.

It is understood that 14 Jewellers of the city have lodged complaints with the police saying that they had entrusted jewellery worth more than a lac of rupees on approval (on Jhagadh basis) to Raval who is reported to be missing since July 11.

The police raided his place but only found empty jewel cases.

Investigations are proceeding.

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SAUBHAGYA

4th WEEK at

ROXY

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IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

WILLS's

SCISSORS

CIGARETTES

GIFT SCHEME

Owing to the difficulty in obtaining GIFTS in wartime, the Proprietors of Wills's "SCISSORS" cigarettes are reluctantly compelled to withdraw the "SCISSORS" Gift Scheme. Present Tickets received after the 31st JULY 1940 will be redeemable for CIGARETTES ONLY and not for gifts.

Redemptions for cigarettes will be on the terms and conditions ruling at the time the Present Tickets are received.

Smokers who are saving Present Tickets for a particular gift are advised to notify their local Redemption Mart, or Premium Department, 5, Hide Road, Kidderpore, Calcutta, and efforts will be made to reserve the gift until the requisite number of Present Tickets are submitted.

Smokers who wish to exchange Present Tickets for Cigarettes should please do so at the shop of their usual cigarette supplier.

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S/133

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BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Sud 14, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 12, 1359
Parsi: Bahman 17, 1309
Hightide: 11-44; 23-32
Lowtide: 4-56; 17-50
Sunrise: 6h. 11m.
Sunset: 7h. 19m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

LECTURE ON "PHRENOLOGY"

Yogiraj Umeshchandraji will deliver this lecture to-day (Thursday) at 8 p.m. (S.T.) in Seksaria Building, near Prarthana Samaj, under the auspices of Ramtirth Yogashram.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Charlie Chan in Reno". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Zanzibar". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Dr. Kildare's Strange Case". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hitler—Beast of Berlin". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Primrose Path". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi". Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

ANNUAL MEETING OF CHARMAKAR SAMAJ

The annual general meeting of the Charmakar Samaj was held at the New Nagpada Neighbourhood House on July 15 at 2 p.m. under the presidentship of Professor V. G. Rao, Municipal Scout Commissioner.

The Secretary read the annual report of the activities of the Samaj. Speeches were made by many persons.

Tributes To Late Kazi Kabiruddin

As a mark of respect to the memory of late Kazi Kabiruddin, Bar-at-Law, the Municipal Schools Committee suspended business for a few minutes at its meeting held on Wednesday.

Mr. L. S. Patel, the Chairman, eulogised the services of Kazi Kabiruddin as a member of the Schools Committee from 1902 to 1915.

SARDAR PATEL FOR AHMEDABAD

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel left for Ahmedabad to-night to attend the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee meeting.

NIGHT FIRING

Firing with Verey Lights and Blank Ammunition on the night 18/19th July will be taking place in the Colaba Area. This is purely in connection with military training and the general public have no need for alarm.

YOUTH LODGE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

Swami Acharyaji will speak on "The place of Gandhian Philosophy in the World" in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. Dr. K. Mulbagla will preside.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay left Kirkee for Bombay and arrived Bombay the same morning.

Lady Lumley visited the Poona and Kirkee War Charities Association (Work Party) at the Poona Club.

PUNJAB CLUB VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

The variety entertainment of the Punjab Club, Bombay, which was to be held on the 20th and 21st inst. has been postponed to the 27th and 28th inst. The time and place which is 6 p.m. and Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall is unchanged.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCN.

Prof. Pinto (Podar High School, Santa Cruz) and Mr. Balsekar will begin their lectures on Modern English Literature and Physical Culture in the University (South Wing), to-day (Thursday) at 7-30 and 7 p.m. Other lectures for the day will be held as usual.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

Messrs. Chicago Telephone and Radio Co. Ltd. will exhibit their newsreel of Ramgarh Congress to the members of the Journalists' Association of India at their premises, 129, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, at 6-15 p.m. on Friday, the 19th inst. All journalists are invited to attend.

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Progress During The Year 1939-40

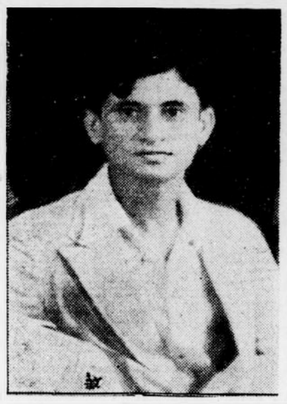
The progress of the Company during the year was reviewed at the first Annual General Meeting of the share-holders recently held. It was disclosed that this is the first (and the only so far) joint stock Company to have been registered with the assurance of 10 per cent. capital subscription by the Government of Bombay. The Company's experts had completed their course of training in handmade paper at Wardha and Sodepur and this activity of handmade paper would soon be taken in hand by the Company.

The Directors reported that luckily for the Company, they had been able to enter into an agreement only last month for the acquisition of a paper mill in working order at Rajahmundry. On a year's working from the Mill, the Company should be in a position to distribute 10 per cent. dividend on its ordinary capital. The first trial production from the mills was already out and found satisfactory. The regular production would be on the Market within about a month's time.

The following Directors were re-elected for the year 1940-41:—

Vaman Shridhar Apte, Esqr., Merchant, Pedder Road, Bombay; Maneckshaw N. Pochkhanawala, Esqr.; Solicitor, of Messrs. Wadia, Ghandy & Co., Bombay; Seth Gordhandas Jadavji of Messrs. Doongarsey Gangji, Masjid Bunder Road, Bombay; Madanmohan Ramnarain Ruia, Esqr., of Messrs. Ramnarain & Sons, Ltd., Malabar Hill, Bombay; Sardar Balasaheb Anandrao Mahagaokar, Kolhapur; Rao Bahadur Gangadhar Bapuji Kale, Engineer, Poona; D. R. Vaidya, Esqr., Inamdar & Engineer, Karhad, Dist. Poona; Dr. R. H. Bhadkamkar, M.A., M.D., Ex-Officio; Vinayak Shankar Vaidya, Esqr., Ex-officio.

The Managing Agents have pleasure to announce that they are now in a position to consider proposals for the agencies of the Company's products. Please write with particulars to: Vishwas & Co., Managing Agents, Western India House, Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.



Mr. Bal D. Kalelkar, younger son of Sri Kaka Kalelkar, left for America last week to prosecute higher studies in Science at the Massachusetts University.

Bal Kalelkar Sails For Boston

Mr. Bal Kalelkar, B.E. (Mech.) the younger son of Acharya Kakasaheb Kalelkar, formerly the Vice-Chancellor of Gujarat Vidya pith, sailed for America by the American liner "President Garfield".

Young Kalelkar had a brilliant first class career in the Bombay University, having won several prizes and scholarships in the Elphinstone College, the Royal Institute of Science, and the N. E. D. Engineering College at Karachi. He graduated this year with Mechanical Engineering as his special subject and obtained a total of 64 per cent marks.

Mr. Bal Kalelkar is sent as a "Birla Schoiar" by Mr. Ghanashyamdas Birla of the House of Birlas, to study first for his M.Sc. and then D.Sc. in Engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston, which is one of the largest engineering colleges in the world. Young Kalelkar intends specialising in Autemobiles and Aero Engineer.

LATE MR. DEVIDAS J. DESAI

Condolence Meeting At Santa Cruz

A condolence meeting to mourn the sad demise of Shriyut Devidas J. Desai, Solicitor, Hon. Secretary, Santa Cruz Education Society, was held in Anandilal Podar High School, Santa Cruz under the auspices of Santa Cruz Education Society and several other public bodies, Ramdeoji Podar presided.

Warm tributes eulogising his manifold activities in the field of education, social reform and Arya Samaj movements were paid to him. His great services in connection with the growth and development of Sheth Anandilal Podar High School were dwelt upon by all the speakers. The development of the High School was his lifework, and the well-being of the school children attending it, claimed his first attention with the spirit of a misstonary. He spared neither pain nor efforts whenever it was a question of advancing the cause of education. The public of Santa Cruz and especially the school-going children have lost in him a great friend and sympathiser.

A resolution mourning the death of late Mr. D. J. Desai was passed at the meeting.

Bombay Governor To Visit Surat

SURAT: July 17.

The Governor of Bombay will pay a short visit to Surat on July 30. It is understood that a programme has been arranged in order to examine the War efforts of the city and districts. Further it is understood that His Excellency will also visit the other large cities of Gujarat.

Late Dr. R. K. Kombrabail

Bombay: July 17.

At a meeting of the Bombay Branch of Ramdas Anandashram, the following resolution was unanimously passed: "Resolved that the meeting of the friends held under the auspices of the Bombay Branch of Ramdas Anandashram (Kanhangad) at No. 16, Guruprasad, Talmakiwadi, on Sunday, do place on record its deep sense of heartfelt sorrow at the sad and sudden demise of Dr. R. K. Kombrabail, L.M. and S., who as an efficient doctor had rendered valuable services to the members of the community as well as others and whose noble, charitable and unostentatious activities for the cause of the poor and distressed would go down to posterity as the greatest acts of service and sacrifice.

LATE MR. GORAKSHAKAR

Death occurred of Mr. Ramrao Nanaji Gorakshakar at his own residence at Santa-Cruz on 15th inst. Mr. Ramrao was a retired officer of the Accountant General's office. He was a member of the Managing Committee of the Pathare Prabhu Relief Fund and Bombay Government's Uncovenanted Family Pension Fund. He was also taking leading part in social activities.

MEETING OF SATYAGRAHIS

An informal meeting of the Satyagrahis in Bombay will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, when Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B. P.C.C. will explain to them the 'Present political situation' with particular reference to the recent resolution of the Working Committee passed at Delhi.

BOMBAY PROV. CONG. COMMITTEE

An informal meeting of the Satyagrahis in Bombay will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, when Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C. will explain to them the 'Present political situation,' with particular reference to the recent resolution of the Working Committee passed at Delhi.

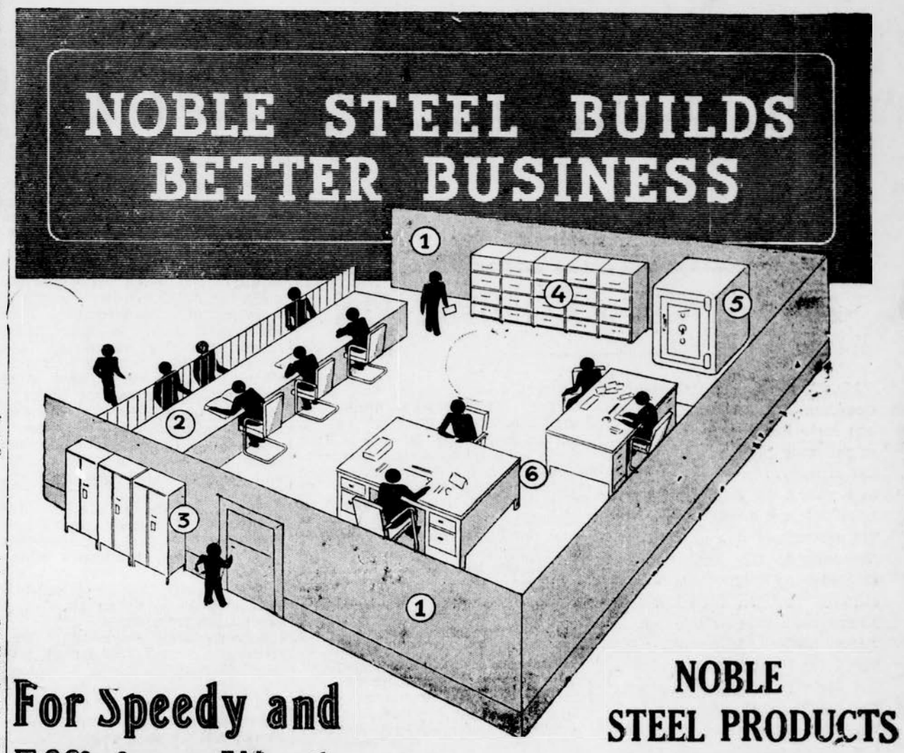
TEACHERS' TRAINING ACADEMY

The opening ceremony of the Teachers' Training Academy will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the G. T. High School, Kalbadevi, when Mr. V. D. Ghate, M.A., B.T., T.D. (London), Educational Inspector, B.D., will preside.

WOMEN WORKERS' MEETING AT CONGRESS HOUSE

Smt. Safia Khan, G.O.C of the Bombay Sevika Dal, B.P.C.C., announces:—

An informal meeting of some of the prominent women workers in the city of Bombay will be held on Saturday, the 20th July, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani, Secretary, Women's Department of the All-India Congress Committee, who has come to Bombay to have informal talks with prominent women workers in the city with a view to organise and co-ordinate the national activities in which women in the city are interested, will be present at the meeting.



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Sd. ..... M.B.

(3) I use 'ASPRO' for my family and find it is superior to any form of Aspirin Tablet.
Sd. ..... M.B.

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No Justification Now For Property Tax

The following statement has been issued by Mr. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee, ex-Sheriff of Bombay and President, H. H. the Aga Khan's Supreme Council for India:—

There can be no two opinions on the fact that Prohibition was enacted by the popular Government of Bombay to improve the lot of the working classes and that during the time this Act was in force it had done immense good to them. Now that Prohibition is modified by the present Government due to the High Court judgment, it is highly desirable that no shops even of foreign liquor should be allowed in working class areas.

As for financing Prohibition in its modified form, if the Government would not have total prohibition but would allow the richer classes the luxury of foreign liquors, it is but legitimate that the necessary funds should be realised from these richer classes by means of heavy taxation of the imported foreign liquor. It is not at all justifiable that the Urban Immovable Property Tax, which was earmarked for Prohibition, should still be continued.

An apparent loophole in the modified Prohibition laws is that one is allowed to bring country liquor after paying duty for consumption, but he cannot sell it. Surely it would be difficult to get at culprits who bring and sell country liquor but will evade the law on the ground that it is for their own use. It is essential that some provision should be made to avoid such evasion.

352 CIVIC GUARDS ENROLLED TO DATE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The total number of Civic Guards enrolled up to date is 352. A further batch of 50 applicants have been called for medical examination to-day.

Telephone No. 21651
Post Box 322.
Telegrams: "Chronicle."
Registered No. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1940.

ADVANCE PROHIBITION

Mr. B. G. Kher's statement on Government's new Excise policy has come not a day, too, soon. It might well have appeared before Government formulated their new policy, though it might not have deterred them from their pre-determined course of action. Referring to the legal difficulties created by the recent decision of the High Court, Mr. Kher says they "are not insurmountable". Many other lawyers have thought so but they did not state publicly how precisely the difficulties could be surmounted. Regarding the High Court's view that the Prohibition Notification of 1939 was not only invalid but was not properly validated by the Governor's Act of 1940, Mr. Kher says: "The process of reasoning by which this conclusion was arrived at is such that it is sufficient for me to say that a number of eminent lawyers think that the Judgment is thoroughly erroneous. Both the intention and the expressions used in the Governor's Act show that the object of the Act was to bring a valid Notification into existence." But, unfortunately, the eminent lawyers have not yet publicly discussed and established their view. It is true that the Court's decision, even if erroneous, is binding upon Government till it is modified or reversed by a higher tribunal. But if the Court's error is proved to the satisfaction of the public, it must strengthen the hands of those who demand a further amending of the Abkari Act, whether or not Government respect the demand.

Powers Of Provincial Legislature

As regards the High Court's view that it is not competent to the Provincial Legislatures to bring about complete prohibition in a province either by a notification or by an Act, as that will encroach upon the Government of India's right to control imports and exports, Mr. Kher seems to think that this view also is erroneous. But he does not wish to comment at length on the view as Government propose to apply for a certificate to appeal to the Federal Court. We would like to know if it is contempt of court to discuss this question publicly till the appeal is actually made and admitted. In any case it would have been a service if competent lawyers had discussed this point before Government announced their decision to file an appeal, particularly because the High Court Judges had stated that their view was not a legal decision but only their individual opinions. As Government have not yet filed an appeal we would like to repeat our own view that, even if it is not competent for a Provincial Legislature to enforce complete prohibition in a whole province under the present Constitution, it is certainly possible for a Provincial Legislature, under Item 31 of the Provincial List of Subjects which permits control of possession and transport of liquor, so to control the import of liquor in a limited area as to permit it for medicinal purposes and prevent it for indulgence. If even this much control is not possible, there is no meaning in the inclusion of Item 31 in the Provincial List.

Wanted Vigorous Agitation

Whatever may be the final decisions on the legal issues involved, it is now clear from Government's communique they are determined to drive a wedge into the prohibition policy, and they themselves admit that they intended to do so even before the legal difficulties arose. Their decision to afford additional facilities to clubs and reputable hotels for the consumption of fortign liquor and to permit people to import as much country liquor and toddy as they want for their consumption is certainly not the result of the High Court decision but is the result of their determination radically to modify the prohibition policy of the Congress Government Mr. Kher has appealed to the public of the province to counteract the effects of Government's policy. We trust leaders will, without any avoidable delay, give clear instructions to prohibition volunteers and the public in general with regard to their respective duties. We heartily commend Mr. Kher's appeal to the members of the Legislature "to take active steps to form in their own constituencies such organisations as would keep alive the spirit and the strength of Prohibition." As the entire prohibition policy is in jeopardy the people's propaganda should not be confined to the cities of Bombay and Ahmedabad; it should be carried on throughout the province, particularly in those areas from which liquor will be imported into Bombay and Ahmedabad.

Germany And Balkans

According to a Bucharest message "Germany has advised Rumania, Bulgaria and Hungary to settle the outstanding territorial differences between them with Germany as a go-between. This is no more than was anticipated as the natural result of events in, and connected with, Rumania. Germany wants peace in the South. East and consolidation of her own position there. She is working for both. She has persuaded Hungary not to precipitate a crisis and has achieved a success of which Count Csaky's speech is an obvious proof. She has thus secured the friendship of the contestants and ensured peace, although this peace is no more than a state of unstable equilibrium. But mediation implies acceptance by the contending parties of the leadership of the mediator. Herein again enters the Russian enigma. How has Russia consented to Bulgaria accepting German mediation? And if Russia is agreeable to a Balkan settlement under German auspices, why the diplomatic trouble with Rumania?

Undue Severity

After a trial lasting for nearly eleven months five Labour leaders of the city have been convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of charges of criminal intimidation and wrongful restraint in connection with the Phoenix mill strike, and four of them have been sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for periods ranging from two to six months. Considering that the trial itself lasted so long, the longer sentences might well have been much shorter. More consideration should also have been paid to the fact that, though the strike went on for nearly six months, there was no serious outbreak of violence and that this was in no small measure due to the restraining influence of the leaders. It was wrong for the Magistrate to give all the credit for the workers' non-violence to the police. As regards his contention that the Union, which the leaders represented, was not recognised by the Millowners' Association and that, therefore, they had no business "to butt in", it is untenable for the workers are entitled to choose their own advocates. It may be added that even Government have often welcomed the efforts of the leaders of unrecognised Unions in maintaining industrial peace.

Bringing War Home To Britain

How is the war affecting Britishers? What are men and women in the street in Britain saying, doing and thinking in these days of crisis?

Here is a fascinating survey by Mass Observation, a hard-hitting summary of British morale and methods.

LONDON, June 14.
(Delayed in transmission.)

"Every day that passes brings us greater strength.... we can choose our opportunity, no matter how long we have to wait."

Who wrote that? Reading it to-day, one would almost automatically think: Hitler. Actually, it is one of innumerable such remarks from the Ministry of Information's most complete and dynamic publication for consumption on the Home Front—their pamphlet. "Assurance of Victory." It isn't quoted here in order to gibe at past mistakes. For, needless to say, this sort of thing belongs to the era of Chamberlain and McMillan, not Churchill and Duff Cooper.

But if we are to realise the condition of morale to-day, we must not forget the complacency and unbridled optimism which from September 3, 1939, to the end of April, 1940, was skilfully nourished by a steady spray of assurances from above.

Investigations show that immediately before the outbreak of war, most people welcomed it and thought we would win it quickly. And not one person in a thousand considered for a moment that we should not at once start to attack Germany and fight with all our might.

Laughing At Hitler

We didn't do that. But we were made to feel fine just the same. For it suddenly emerged that Old Father Time and Brother Blockade would do the whole thing for us. So, by the beginning of April, people had almost exhausted themselves with laughing at Hitler in music-hall shows and singing the several versions of house-wifely uses of which they were going to put the "Siegfried Line."

Our Prime Minister had so increased his war effort that he was ten times more confident of victory.

Into this serene pool where grew perhaps the finest lily that has ever blossomed from the democratic-industrial idea of inevitable progress, capsized a "bus which Hitler had missed." The effect on morale was dramatic. At last the war had started. Now we could get at Hitler at last. England rose to the opportunity—or rather the Press and the B.B.C. did—and within two days a series of re-sounding victories were ringing from the Arctic to the Skagerrak, and from edition to edition. People who had become bored with the war were now given the chance to applaud. They did.

"It's what we've been waiting for for a very long time."

"England's waking up now; it's a good thing, too."

Actually, England was faster asleep than ever, dreaming delightfully. And at this dizzy moment (April 12) only one person in five was less optimistic about the outcome of events in Norway. During the next month, as people were woken up, ever so reluctantly, the situation in Norway aroused doubts of our leadership, and distrust of the Press. One typical comment was:

"Oh, heavens, what news have we? We haven't had any news. I don't know what to think about it all. There are so many conflicting reports. We listen to our news and read the paper.

Fantasy World

"You hear we have landed everywhere, that we have got Narvik. Then you listen to the German wireless and they tell you that they've got Narvik. You don't know what to believe or what to think. They can't tell you the truth, you see, that's the drawback."

The whole wonderful fantasy world of dreams, studiously and skilfully built up by our leaders for years, was exploded in a fortnight.

The most disastrous period in British psychology came to an end. A period which will appear to history unbelievable. A period which, incidentally, has been repeatedly analysed and disclosed as what it has proved to be, by Mass-Observation. A period in which no one questioned statements such as

"French infantry divisions are more mobile than the German infantry and have a larger proportion of tanks." ("Assurances of Victory.")

Facing The Facts

Churchill, who had always been attacking the W. T. (Wishful Thinking) philosophy, became our leader, and was wistfully expected to produce immediately those victories which Chamberlain had withheld. But Churchill made us face the facts instead. During the last month we have learned to do this, but not to act in accordance with them. In this month we have had what must surely be the worst succession of ill-tidings that Britain has ever had to face. Yet ordinary people have come through it with a calm determination which has remained fundamentally unshakeable. Let a navy talk of himself.

"What's all the fuss about, anyway? 'E can 'ave the rest of the world, and 'e may get his toes on England, but not any more than that. We'll stamp the blasted nails off, I've still got my old bayonet from the last lot."

And working class morale has remained consistently better than middle and upper class about 10 per cent. better all the way. It's been best of all, on our detailed evidence, among working men in the country villages. They form to-day, as they have always formed, something that can truly be called the backbone of Britain, etc.

Morale to-day is sound. Much sounder than it has ever been. For we have learned to face the facts. We are eager to help and work night and day, in the national effort. Mass Observation evidence has incontrovertibly proved that the mass of people have now got confidence in most of their leaders.

All right. Morale is excellent. How are we to explain, then, some of the things that are still going on on the Home Front? Why is it that 25 per cent. of the whole population, literally millions of individuals fail to send in their application for new ration books by the last advertised date?

Inadequate A. R. P.

Why is it that at least a third of the population have still taken no adequate A. R. P. steps within their own homes?—the correspondents of several daily papers put the figure even higher than that.

Why have only about 100,000 London mothers registered their children for evacuation, and under a sixth of the mothers in Scottish danger areas?

Why is it that on June 9, when Paddington needed over 1,000 A. R. P. wardens, total enrolments, in the words of an official, "could be counted on the fingers of one hand"? Why has the percentage of gas-mask carrying fallen from 76 per cent. in early September to 20 per cent. to-day?

Only one conclusion is possible. People are still not being given a strong enough lead. Over and over again we find people saying:—

"I am prepared to do anything."

"Well, everyone's in it now."

"I hope we'll soon be doing something."

But they are bewildered as to how best they can help and leadership is still not clearly telling them what to do and what not to do, how to act or when. And not telling them in a sympathetic and intelligible language. For people require telling, not just in a postscript to the nine o'clock news. They require telling frequently. Simply. Visually. And in a language they can understand. Above all, they require telling the same thing, and not a miscellaneous category of conflicting things by different Government Departments and private-profit interests. The deliverance of Dunkirk is attributed to God. The deliverance of Dunkirk is attributed to Gort. The deliverance of Dunkirk is attributed to Aspro.

Policy For Morale

How can the ordinary person make sense of it all? The housewife is urged to send her children away from the city. But the R. A. F. propaganda has made her feel that no bomber has a chance against Spitfires. And the R.A.F. have supported a film, "The Lion Has Wings," which shows enemy raiders fleeing in terror when they sight the balloon barrage. So the children stay, and new problems develop for other Ministries.

Faced with the new problems of total, civilian warfare, civilians need guidance as never before. But it must be clear. Not the language of Mr. Maurice Healy giving a B.B.C. postscript, but the language of the "Gert and Daisy" food talks. Above all, what is needed now, at once, is a real morale policy.

Until then, morale remains firm and fine. But it also remains passive, ready to be called up rather than called out.

It needs now to be made aggressive, active, overwhelmingly enthusiastic. Every fraction of good morale to be harnessed at once. Only thus can the problems of 1940 be overcome.

'Holwell' Gag On Bengal Press

CALCUTTA, July 17.

By a notification published in an extraordinary issue of the Calcutta Gazette to-day the Government of Bengal has, under the Defence of India Rules, prohibited the printing or publishing within the Province of Bengal.—

(1) Any document containing a reference by way of statement, advertisement, notice, news, photograph or comment to any of the following topics:—

(A) The arrests made in connection with the Holwell Monument agitation, and

(B) Any procession, meeting, assembly or demonstration held, speech delivered or thing done or omitted to be done in connection with the said agitation; and

(2) Any document containing a reference by way of comment to this order.

The Associated Press is authoritatively informed that the Bengal Cabinet have no objection to the removal of the Hollwell Monument but that they will take no decision on the matter so long as the Satyagraha movement continues.

ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS.

Fifteen Satyagrahis, including one Mahomedan, were arrested in two batches this evening in connection with the movement for the removal of the Holweli Monument.

To-day is the fifteenth day of the movement and the total number of arrests made since the commencement of the movement is 251.

Fifty-eight Satyagrahis, arrested between July 6 and 14 were convicted to-day under the Defence of India rules and sentenced to various terms.

Corporation Demands Removal

CALCUTTA, July 17.

The Calcutta Corporation at a meeting held this evening passed a resolution recommending to the Government of Bengal that the Holwell Monument be demolished as early as possible in defence to public opinion on the question.

The resolution which was in the names of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Mr. Satish Bose was moved by the latter and seconded by Mr. N. C. Chatterjee (Hindu Maha Sabha). Mr. Ispahani (League) who also supported the resolution discouraged any sort of 'satyagraha' for demolition of the monument. Mr. G. S. Vernon, leader of the European Group, moved an amendment for removal of the monument, which was lost.

The Congress Municipal Association, Hindu Maha Sabha and several Muslim League members voted for, while Europeans and some League members against the resolution.

Diwan Chamanlal's Suggestion To Punjab Government

LAHORE, July 17.

A suggestion for the examination of the case of each detenu under Regulation III by a tribunal of three High Court judges is made to the Punjab Government by Diwan Chamanlal, M. L. A., ex-Deputy Leader of the Congress Party, in the course of a statement discussing the constitutional aspect of the recently held secret session of the Punjab Assembly.

Diwan Chamanlal says: "A tri-

(Continued on page 5 Col. 5)

Frankly Speaking

Baltic Moves

Lithuania is now virtually a Soviet State. Recent developments—the inevitable sequel to the establishment of Russian military, naval and aerial bases in the country—were tending in that direction and had, in fact, made it a foregone conclusion. We have, moreover, little doubt that Latvia and Estonia will follow suit. But the change of the political structure even in Lithuania alone clearly implies a Russian security move against Germany, for Lithuania is the latter's immediate neighbour. But the Germans too are not doing so badly by way of a counter-move in the Baltic. If Russia has extended her "protection" to Baltic States on her frontier, the Germans have done in respect of Sweden, which has practically surrendered her neutrality to the Nazis. This surrender was unavoidable in the absence of any support from Russia, which, it will be called, had repudiated all suggestions of such support some weeks ago. One must confess, therefore, to a suspicion of a Russo-German deal in all that is happening in the Baltic area. But in handing Scandinavia to Germany the Russians lose more than they gain in the Baltic States.

Dismissed By Militarists

Later reports have confirmed the suspicion that the Yonai Government was forced to resign by the leaders of the Army and Navy. They favour "a new political structure." What it is to be is not yet clear. But it is more likely than otherwise that the "new political structure" approaches closely that of Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy. It is also more likely than otherwise that the Yonai-Arita-Cabinet has fallen not because of its aggressive adventures but because Admiral Yonai and Mr. Arita were regarded as "moderate". How a new Government will gratify the aspirations of the Army and Navy will be known in a few days' time. Meanwhile it is interesting to note that the United States is opposed to the Burma Route. But cannot the British argue that mere opposition is not calculated to be of any help to them.

Impending Nightmare

What horrors the population of countries occupied by Germany is due to face are indicated in a New York message published elsewhere. The wheat crop in Europe is likely to be the poorest for a decade. In this background the impending misery becomes all the more gruesome. 35 million people in Poland are facing direct starvation. "75 million others in German occupied territory are," adds the report, "likely to have only scraps left over after Germany has mulcted them of the foodstuffs she needs and a further 150 million people will have to go very short this winter." Recently Colonel Knox told the American Senate that winter in Europe would be a "nightmare". It is to be feared he was not exaggerating.

Lighting Restrictions

Convictions for inadequate screening of lights are getting too many. And they may be vexatious, if not unjust, in those cases in which the men convicted were earnestly attempting to follow the regulations and were only technically guilty. The lapses are not infrequently due to the vagueness of the regulations. It will be well for the authorities concerned to give clear instructions and a warning to persons found contravening the rules and prosecute them only if they neglect to carry out the instructions. It is also necessary that needless restrictions should not be insisted upon. We understand that even dim lights are not allowed in compounds, however large. This is a serious hardship to those who have to go through the compounds, where lights are as necessary as in the streets. The policy on the whole should be such as to enlist the wholehearted co-operation of the public and not merely their grudging obedience.

A. R. P. Cases

The judgment delivered by Mr. Khambatta the other day in an A. R. P. case should be carefully studied by the Police authorities. Whereas the public are only too desirous of helping the authorities in the carrying out of A. R. P. regulations, there are sure to be some *bona fide* mistakes committed by the public and it would be "no good multiplying prosecutions" and bringing everyone possible to court. Mr. Khambatta observed that it would be better if the officers gave advice when they found that a person was observing in several ways the lighting restrictions but had failed in one single instance. Mr. Khambatta has taken a very sensible view and it is hoped that the authorities will take his advice. It will lead to better co-operation between the public and the authorities and will certainly facilitate the work of A. R. P.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

KAUNAS, July 16.

It is announced that over 90 per cent. of the voters in the Lithuanian Parliamentary elections favoured the United Pro-Soviet Working People's List. Kaunas workers to-day decided to elect local Soviets in eight town districts.—Reuter.

* * * *

Nawab Ahmad Yar Khan Daulatana, a League leader and Chief Parliamentary Secretary to the Punjab Government, has arrived in Karachi "to recoup his health."

And that of the local League Ministers too?

* * * *

According to an Anglo-Indian contemporary the Muslim League "has taken up an attitude of intransigeance so obstinate that it renders a rapprochement practically impossible".

Is it too asking for a cultured and courteous reply from Mr. Jinnah?

* * * *

"THE LAST STRAW"

Mr. Rowjee Condemns Jinnah.

—Headlines.

No, no, this is too uncomplimentary to the Qaid-e-Azam.

Also to the load-bearing qualities of the docile Muslim League.

* * * *

"Hitler Drops Carol?" asks a headline.

Oh no. Only he hasn't yet picked Carol up.

* * * *

British sailors, says an Alexandria message, in the Mediterranean Fleet are impatient to have a real chance of getting to grips with the Italian Navy.

No use. The Italians will again score a "stupendous victory".

* * * *

"Terrorists" in Shanghai are reported to have bombed the offices of an American owned newspaper "Shunpao".

It is, however, not yet certain whether they received congratulations upon their achievement from the Democratic and Republican Isolationists in the U.S.A.

* * * *

The Soviet Government has strongly protested to Rumania against maltreatment of persons travelling from Rumania to Bessarabia.

Hopes and fears must rest on whether the "maltreatment" is imaginary or real

* * * *

The Democrats, says a Chicago report, have to contend with an even stronger Isolationist minority than had the Republicans.

At which the Junior Colleague started saying something in the American language. But since it was unintelligible we stopped him.

* * * *

More talk about war is heard in one day in Dublin than in a week in London, says Reuter.

The garrulous Irish?

* * * *

'Look here,' the boss raged at his mild little book-keeper, 'your work is getting sloppier every day. See this three? It looks just like a five!'

'It is a five sir.'

'It is a five? Well, why does it look so much like a three?'

* * * *

The young man who had been reading knightly romances grew dissatisfied with the present unromantic state of the world. He believed it his duty to infuse some romance into the daily round.

On a very rainy day he sallied forth to perform some knightly errand. He saw a very smart girl just stepping on to the muddy pavement from a car. Hastening forward, he spread his overcoat under her dainty feet.

She looked at him in surprise.

'Of all the darned idiots!' she exclaimed.

Protest Against Jinnah's 'Philippic'

He Should Make 'Amende Honorable' To Maulana Abul Kalam In The Spirit Of His Own Id Broadcast

BOMBAY, July 17.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi in the course of a statement, refers to Mr. M. A. Jinnah's reply to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and appeals to Mr. Jinnah to make an *amende honorable* to Maulana Saheb in the spirit of his own excellent Id broadcast, and thus truly serve the cause which he has at heart.

Mr. Brelvi says:—

"It is not seldom that in the heat of political controversy, much is said by participants in it, of which subsequently they themselves are heartily ashamed, but for which they are forgiven by an indulgent and tolerant public. But the head and front of Mr. Jinnah's offending is that he has broken all records in how not to carry on a controversy.

"His reply to Maulana Abul Kalam's confidential telegram not only offends against public decencies and the traditions of Islamic culture, but also betrays amazing bankruptcy of statesmanship in a leader who professes solicitude for an honourable settlement of the communal problem. Even if that reply had not been published, it would have been unworthy of such a leader. By publishing it, Mr. Jinnah has committed what is regarded by all gentlemen as an unpardonable and heinous offence—betrayal of confidence.

"Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's reputation as a great patriot and a true servant of his country and his community is too genuine to be affected by Mr. Jinnah's reply which only reveals his own lapse into bad manners. Mr. Jinnah today recognizes no other test than that of service to Muslims. I am sure in his calmer moments he realizes that whatever else he may have done by his reply to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, he has not only not served the cause of Muslims but has rendered a great disservice to it. May I appeal to him as a Muslim and a gentleman to make an *amende honorable* to Maulana Saheb in the spirit of his own excellent Id broadcast and thus truly serve the cause which he has at heart?"—United Press.

JINNAH'S REPLY TO CONGRESS PRESIDENT

Delhi Meeting's Condemnation

From Our Special Correspondent.

DELHI, July 15.

"Mr. Jinnah's reply to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is against all standards of decency and would signally fail to lower him in the estimation of Muslim India." This opinion was expressed by various Muslim speakers in a meeting organised to condemn the League dictator's insulting telegram to the Congress President recently. Maulana Hifzur Rehman presided the meeting in which over 10,000 Muslims including a large number of Muslim Leaguers were present.

Over a dozen speakers one after the other deplored the present attitude of Mr. Jinnah, who was deliberately frustrating all possible efforts for a settlement between the Congress and League. They were of the opinion that Mr. Jinnah was the only irreconcilable factor in the Muslim League whose dictatorial actions had harmed not only the Muslims, but definitely proved to be an obstacle in the way of India's independence.

Mr. Jinnah's latest burst, they said, showed as if the internal dissensions in the Muslim League culminating in an open revolt by the royalists and the radicals against Mr. Jinnah's negative and barren leadership had unbalanced him. They further demanded from the rank and file of the League to re-assert its democratic character by pressing Mr. Jinnah to tender an apology to Maulana Azad for his act.

Germans Plunder Foodstuffs In Occupied Areas: General Failure Of Wheat Crop

NEW YORK, July 16.

Reports to the United States Department of Agriculture indicate that 35 million people in Poland are facing direct starvation.

Seventy-five million others in German occupied territory are likely to have only scraps left over after Germany has mulcted the foodstuffs she needs and a further 150 million people will have to go very short this winter.

On top the wheat crop is likely to be the poorest for a decade and Europe has been cut off from 124 million dollars worth of wheat from the western hemisphere in the last nine months.

Russian imports from the United States are much higher this year than usual. This might be a sign that her crop too is likely to be well below the normal.—Reuter.

"WORLD'S GREATEST AND MOST OUTSTANDING DEMOCRAT"

CHICAGO, July 16.

Accepting the permanent Chairmanship of the Democratic Party Convention, Senator Barkley called on the Convention to fight on Roosevelt's record of defence and foreign policy.

Senator Barkley stated, "The United States must fight against those who would assault our territory, independence, ideals, vital interests or anything that we are committed or pledged to defend or preserve, whether an assault is launched from a foreign source or instigated by disloyal and subversive influences within our borders."

SENATOR BARKLEY SAID THE RECORD OF THE PAST SEVEN YEARS HAS BEEN DEVOTED TO THE CARE OF REMOULDING OUR PEOPLE UNDER THE LEADERSHIP OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST AND MOST OUTSTANDING DEMOCRAT.

The statement brought 28,000 delegates to their feet, waving standards and shouting.

Coalitionists Meet Orissa Governor

Ministry To Be Formed In Day Or Two

CUTTACK, July 16.

It is understood that the Raja Bahadur of Khallikote and Pandit Godavarish Misra interviewed the Governor of Orissa at the Circuit House at 7-15 this evening on the invitation of the latter.

It is understood that final touches were given to the personnel of the Ministry which consist of six members, and Mr. Abdus Sobhan Khan has been selected as one of the Ministers representing Muslim community in common agreement with all the four Muslim members of the Orissa Assembly in addition to five names already published.

The Governor may summon Mr. Godavarish Misra to form a Ministry within a day or two.—United Press.

Disturbances In The Hague

LONDON, July 16.

Reports reaching Dutch circles in London indicate that there has been a serious disturbance at The Hague recently. A warning has been issued threatening measures if disturbances do not cease forthwith.

The reports add that the disturbances reached such proportions that the City Council has been compelled to propose an addition of 350 men to the local police force.—Reuter.

"RED" PRESIDENT FOR CUBA

HAVANA, July 16.

Cuba's "strong man" Colonel Batista, won the presidential election held on Sunday.

Colonel Batista had resigned the leadership of the army to become a candidate of the Communist and other parties for the presidency.—Reuter.

SELF-GOVT. FOR PRESS

Commons Questions On Setting Up Statutory Council

LONDON, July 17.

In view of the suggestions for some form of Government press control Sir Percy Hurd (Conservative) asked Mr. Duff Cooper in the Commons whether he would indicate to representatives of the Press with whom he was discussing the matter that Government appreciated the restraint and regard for national security with which "that great body of the British press reports and discusses war matters and suggests that in order to check the careless few the profession should follow the precedents set by legal, medical, architectural and other professions and create its own representative Council of Advice and discipline with statutory powers".

GOVT. ATTITUDE

Replying, Mr. Duff Cooper said: "I agree with the views expressed in this question as to the manner in which the press have performed their duty and I have conveyed my appreciation to those representatives of the Press with whom I have been in contact. In answer to the second part of the question I think that proposals of the kind suggested could only hope to succeed if they commanded the support of the press as a whole and that they should therefore emanate from the press. If representatives of the press desire to put forward any suggestions for the establishment of a representative Council I shall of course receive them with sympathetic attention".—Reuter.

BURMA ROAD PACT TERMS

(Continued from page 1.)

an agreement the Japanese Foreign Office spokesman said that as a result of negotiations the British Government are to prohibit for a period of three months from July 18 the transit through Burma of arms and ammunition as well as petrol trucks and railway materials.

BR. STEAMER DETAINED

According to the Domei Agency, the Japanese Navy has detained a British steamer off Chenhai (in the neighbourhood of Ningpoo). When the Japanese arrived at Chenhai nine foreign vessels, including three British sailed. Patrol boats examined them and all were released except one British.

TERMS OF BURMA ROAD PACT

TOKYO, July 17.

According to a Japanese Foreign Office Spokesman, the Burma Road Agreement runs as follows:

"Firstly, export of arms and ammunition from Hongkong has been prohibited since January 1939. None of the war materials to which the Japanese Government attach importance is being exported at present, nor will they be exported in future. The export of those kinds of goods, which are prohibited from being exported from Burma as mentioned below, will, of course, be prohibited in Hongkong.

Secondly, the British Government are to prohibit for a period of three months from July 18 the transit through Burma of arms and ammunition as well as petrol trucks and railway materials;

Thirdly, the Japanese Consular officials in Hongkong and Rangoon will maintain close contact with the British authorities in regard to the measures for the purpose of rendering this prohibition effective."—Reuter.

CHINA'S REACTION

CHUNGKING, July 17.

Marshall Chiang-Kai-Shek stated that Britain would not only forfeit China's friendship but would also sacrifice her position in the Near East should she try to take the question of the Burma Road with Sino-Japanese peace.

"If by closing the Burma Road, Britain hopes to shorten the war in the Far East, I am sure on the contrary she will lengthen its duration and widen the scope of the hostilities. Until China has attained the object for which she has been fighting and suffering—namely, preservation of her sovereignty and territorial and administrative integrity—she will not lay down her arms".—Reuter.

ROME, July 17.

The names of 322 dead and 283 missing appear in the first official list of Italian naval losses, according to the Stefani Agency.—Reuter.

DEFENCE ACT ARRESTS

(Continued from page 1.)

and remain there till order is cancelled.—United Press.

Labour Leader Arrested

MADRAS, July 17.

G. Satyanarayana, Secretary of the Ellore Jute Mill Labour Union and a Socialist leader of the West Godavari District, who was interned some time back in his village Pedapadu, has been arrested under the Defence of India Act by the District Police.—United Press.

Nagpur Magistrate Refuses Bail To Socialist Leaders

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, July 16.

Mr. B. K. Mishra, the Additional District Magistrate, rejected the bail applications of socialist leaders, Messrs. Bagdi, Dandekar, Shayamnarain, and Mr. Kulkarni a communist, who are being prosecuted under the Defence of India Act, on the ground that their release on bail would be utilised for propaganda and demonstrations by the parties which is unadvisable at this critical juncture.

The trial which was held in the Central Jail, was adjourned till the 19th when the Police reports of the speeches in question, delivered on June 25, will be examined. The accuseds are defending.

PROF. GHOSH ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, July 17.

Prof. Jyotish Chandra Ghosh, Acting President of the Suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, was taken into custody this morning by the Special Branch Police, and was removed to the Presidency Jail for detention under Section 129 of the Defence of India Rules.

Prof. Ghosh was elected President of the suspended B. P. C. C., on the arrest of the permanent incumbent, Mr. Rajendra Chandra Deb, under the Defence of India Rules on July 5.—A. P.

Editor Of "Forward Bloc" Arrested

CALCUTTA, July 16.

Mrs. Lila Roy, a prominent Congress worker and acting Editor of the "Forward Bloc", and Mr. Robin Sen, a labour leader were arrested this morning under the Defence of India Rules, and were removed to the Presidency Jail for detention.— Both of them are ex-detenus.—A. P.

Meerut Forward Bloc Secretary Arrested

MEERUT, July 17.

Mr. Murarilal, General Secretary, Meerut District 'Forward Bloc', was sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment by City Magistrate, Meerut, under the Defence of India Act.—A. P.

Sentenced For Anti-Recruitment Propaganda

MEERUT, July 16.

Seven persons were awarded sentences ranging from 18 months to one year under the Defence of India Act for anti-recruitment propaganda by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate in charge of Hapur Tahsil.

The City Magistrate, Meerut, sentenced two persons to 18 and six months rigorous imprisonment under the same Act on a charge of persuading the people to observe a "Hartal" on Subash Day.—A. P.

Ranade Jailed

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, July 17.

The Additional City Magistrate, Mr. Shinde, sentenced to-day Deshdas Ranade to one year's rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 200 fine each on two counts, the sentences to run concurrently. He was prosecuted under two sections for delivering a speech at Mahad Day meeting calculated to create communal hatred and incitement to murder.

STOP PRESS

KONOYE ORDERED TO FORM CABINET

TOKIO, July 17.

Prince Konoye has been commanded to form a Cabinet.—Reuter.

U. S. TURN DOWN NAZI CONTENTION

WASHINGTON, July 17.

Mr. Cordell Hull at a press conference to-day rejected the German contention that the United States should protest against the British blockade of Germany on the same grounds as they opposed the closing of the Burma Road.—Reuter.

SCHACHT BEHIND NAZI 'RACKET'

How Germany Pays Occupied Countries In Worthless Money

LONDON, July 17.

Economic circles in London consider that Dr. Schacht, the German financial expert, is behind the "racket" by which Germany is transferring her shortages to the occupied territories. Germany is paying the countries but all the people will get in exchange is a claim on Reich's mark balance in Berlin. Thereby German economical situation will be eased and money could only be used to buy goods from Germany. As there will be a shortage in Germany, however, the money will be worthless.—Reuter.

Diwan Chamanlal's Suggestion To Punjab Government

(Continued from page 4)

bunal of three judges of our High Court presided over by the Chief Justice would naturally weigh the departmental evidence judically and come to a decision without any resultant danger through publicity to the safety of the realm."

STRAIGHTFORWARD COURSE

He continues: "Obviously a Government which is a party to the conduct of the war has certain responsibilities which it is bound to discharge. There is no man in his political senses in India who, for instance, would not condemn the preaching or the use of violence or underground propaganda with the object of creating violent conflict. And it is equally obvious that any Government engaged in the war must necessarily view with grave apprehension the underhand tampering with the army and resort to the severest measures in order to prevent it. No Congressman, honestly and sincerely believing in his creed, could be guilty either of secret, underground propaganda or of the preaching and practice of violence. But if there is any man, Congressman or otherwise, against whom such charges can be established, it is obvious that the honest straight-forward course is for the Government to bring such persons to trial before a properly constituted judicial authority."—A. P.

NO SOVIET PROPOSALS TO TURKEY

LONDON, July 17.

"As far as Lord Halifax is aware no proposals have been made by the Soviet Union to the Turkish Government regarding the control of the D ardanelles", declared Mr. R. A. Butler in a written answer to a Parliamentary question.—Reuter.

TOKIO DENIES STORY OF PEACE MOVE

TOKIO, July 17.

Questioned with regard to the speech by the Acting Governor of Straits Settlements, Mr. S. W. Jones, declaring that Britain was trying to bring about peace between China and Japan, the Foreign Office spokesman declared, "There is in our knowledge no such peace talk as stated by Mr. Jones. Japan is now engaged in two major undertakings:

Firstly, negotiation with National Government of China under Mr. Wang-Ching-Wei to conclude a basic treaty to regulate the new relations between the two countries;

Secondly, that military operations should unremittingly be kept up against the Chungking Government."

KHER'S CHARGE AGAINST GOVT.

(Continued from page 8)

lar point was taken in the Madras Court with regard to the Madras Agriculturists Relief Act which the local Government passed for scaling down debts of agriculturists. A point was raised that the Local Government could not cover by such legislation the obligation arising under Negotiable Instruments in the Federal List. The Madras High Court Full Bench, after hearing the point, decided in favour of the Provincial Legislature holding that a power specifically given to the Provincial Legislature in respect of relief of agriculturist indebtedness could not be affected by the negotiable instruments entry in the Federal List. There is, therefore, a Madras Full Bench regular decision in favour of the point as against the "obiter dictum" of the Bombay High Court, but this case of the Madras High Court has also been taken to and is now pending before the Federal Court."

SOFT CORNER FOR VESTED INTERESTS

I must make it clear that it is not because of this decision that the Government of Bombay decided to depart from the Prohibition policy laid down by the Congress Government. They had decided to depart from that policy apart from, prior to and irrespective of the High Court's decision. They say in the Communique of the 14th July that "Previous to this legal decision, Government of Bombay had in view making certain changes in the policy of Prohibition as the result of the experience gained since it has been imposed. These changes were intended to maintain Prohibition for country liquor and toddy, but would have altered the regulations in respect of foreign liquor with the object of making them *more acceptable to those, who had been accustomed to foreign liquor.*" So Government had already made up their mind to make their policy more acceptable to those accustomed to foreign liquor. Why this partiality for those accustomed to foreign liquor and what is the result of the experience gained since the Prohibition policy was in force? I have no hesitation in saying as I have already said that those who were responsible for carrying out the total Prohibition policy of the Congress Government after their resignation, had a soft corner in their hearts, not only for foreign liquor but also for those, who had vested interests in the consumption of foreign liquor. I should not be surprised, if their partiality coloured their decision as to "the experience gained since the policy of Prohibition was introduced."

MISCHIEVOUS PROPAGANDA

I want also to draw attention to the mischievous propaganda being carried on by an interested section of the Press to the effect that the change effected in the Prohibition policy by permitting consumption of foreign liquor is widely welcomed by people. This is entirely untrue. If a plebiscite is taken in the country to-day, I have no doubt as to what the result would be. But although truth will win in the long run, if in the meantime, mischievous and false propaganda is allowed to go on unchecked, the ultimate victory of truth will be excessively delayed and this will be a public calamity. It is only with this object in view that I have decided to issue this statement. The truth is that 95, if not 99 per cent. of the people in this country are in favour of total Prohibition and this truth will be conclusively proved in the long run. In the meantime, frantic efforts are made to re-start foreign liquor advertisements and to remove further restrictions on the consumption of country liquor.

DIFFICULTIES NOT INSURMOUNTABLE

I cannot help remarking that I deeply regret to find that the Government of Bombay have thus departed from the policy of Prohibition as regards foreign liquor laid down by the Congress Government with the concurrence of the Legislature. The decisions of the High Court have no doubt created difficulties in the way of administering the policy, as it was laid down by the Governor's Act. But these difficulties are not insurmountable, if the Government are in earnest about maintaining the Prohibition policy. The result of Government's action will be to leave the public and particularly the poorer section to the tender mercies of a traffic, which has been as much responsible for poverty as for crime.

BENEFICIAL EFFECTS OF PROHIBITION

Investigations made in Bombay and Ahmedabad during the period when Prohibition was in force bear ample testimony to the beneficial effects of Prohibition. During the last year and particularly during the strikes, Prohibition by reducing acts of violence has been found to be a useful ally of law and order—a consideration which no Government ought to ignore at such a critical time. Now that the benefits of Prohibition to the individual and to a society are proved to be real, to deprive the public of these benefits is tantamount to a kind of cruelty.

DUTY OF PUBLIC.

What is now the duty of the public? It is obviously to see that Government's failure to continue the Prohibition policy does not lead to the collapse of the enthusiasm and organised activity on which the public support to Prohibition and its beneficial results is founded. The sections of the public, who are against Prohibi-

(Continued in Col. 5)

(Continued from Col. 7.)

tion and have a vested interest in the liquor traffic, though very small, are wealthy, influential and vocal. It, therefore, becomes the duty of the public to see that the strength and effectiveness of public opinion are not weakened.

I now appeal to the public of the Province to counteract the effects of the Government's failure to maintain the Prohibition policy. I would also request the members of the Legislature to take active steps to form in their own constituencies such organisations as would keep alive the spirit and the strength of Prohibition until the time comes (and let me hope it is not very distant) when the Popular Will in this matter finds concrete expression through the policy of a Peoples' Government.

To vested interests in liquor and Anglo-Indian journals, I would say "Please stop your propaganda; nothing will make people detest you so much as your advocacy of liquor in this holy land of ours but if you persist, be prepared for the evil effects of your deliberate misrepresentation."

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST DAY!

DR. KILDARE'S STRANGE CASE
with LEW AYRES LIONEL BARRYMORE

TOMORROW!

GREATEST ADVENTURE PICTURE EVER MADE!
(Book I—Rogers' Rangers)
Filmed in Thrilling TECHNICOLOR!
SPENCER TRACY
with ROBERT YOUNG
WALTER BRENNAN
RUTH HUSSEY
NAT PENDLETON

HERE'S ANOTHER HAPPY MOTHER
... WHO WAS NOT KEPT AWAKE LAST NIGHT BY HER CHILD'S COUGH

A cough always strikes harder at night. It deprives mother and child of precious sleep : : : makes both feel miserable.

You can protect your family against the dangers and complications of hacking cough, with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Chamberlain's gives quick relief to inflamed areas, breaks up congestion and clears air passages, permitting you to breathe more freely. Chamberlain's is free from harmful drugs...it is pleasant to take...suitable for all the family.

Buy Chamberlain's today : : : to stop that cough tonight.

Z37

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

AVAIABLE AT NORMAL PRICES.

NEW YORK COTTON EIGHT POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940

New York: July 17.

Previous closing 9.51
To-day's opening 9.48
Difference ..... —3
To-day's closing 9.43
Difference ..... —8

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August 1940 ..... Rs. 176/0
Broach April/May 1941 ..... Rs. 196/8

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940

Liverpool: July 17.

Previous closing 7.29
To-day's opening 7.29
Difference ..... Nil
To-day's closing 7.13
Difference ..... —16

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: July 17.

New York cotton declined following discouraging overseas cables but indications of unfavourable weekly weather report were sustaining factor and the subsequent tendency was better. The trading in October began at 9.48, i. e. 3 points lower than the last closing. Prices eased under increased hedging and liquidation but thereafter the demand improved and prices quickly rallied on local trade and Wall-Street buying with October rising to 9.62.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July Old (9.67/61 (mutilated) 9.57/57
October (9.43/42) 9.50/48
December (9.31/30) 9.38/37

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS.

London: July 17.

Castorseeds July/August (£18 1/8) £18 1/8
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£18 1/8) £16 7/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromanda! July (£16) £16

JUTES

Dundee August (£33) £33
Lightning August (£30) £30

RUBBER

Spot (12d paid and value) 12d buyers
Forward October/December (11 1/2d paid and value) 11 5/8d paid and sellers

METALS.

Tin (£265 buyers; £265 1/4 sellers. Steady)
£264 3/4 buyers; £265 sellers. Steady
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: July 17.

Previous closing 3.84 1/4
To-day's opening 3.82

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: July 17.

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London: July 17.

Previous closing ..... 176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening ..... Not quoted
To-day's closing ..... Not quoted

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: July 17.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 43 3/4) dol 44 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 19 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 51 1/2) dol 52 5/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: July 17.

The following cable was received from London:—

Bear covering. Offers negligible. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London: July 17.

Spot (22 3/16d) 22 3/8d +3/16
Forward (21 3/4d) 21 13/16d +1/16

LONDON GOLD

London: July 17.

Gold Bars Fine per Ounce (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: July 17.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/8) 0-3 5/8 to 0-4 1/8
London on Kobe (1-2 5/8 to 1-3 1/8) 1-2 5/8 to 1-3 1/8

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: July 17.

There was no trading during the night session.

3 1|2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: July 17.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: July 17.

The London Stock Exchange was slightly easier.

INDIAN LOANS

London: July 17.

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/4) £72 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/4) £99 3/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 5/8) £110 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 1/4) £99 1/8
New War Loan (£100 1/4) £100
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (8-9) 8-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (31-3) 31-3
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-9) 5-9
Princhin Johnson (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (23-7 1/2) 23-3
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-9) 48-3
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£31) £30
Dundee Rubber (25-1 1/2) 24-9
Unilever Ordinary (19-4 1/2) 18-9
Ford Motors (15-4 1/2) 15-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£35) £35
British American Tobacco Ordinary (65-0) 63-9
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (85-7 1/2) 83-1 1/2
P and O Def (14-9) 14-9
Distillers (54-9) 53-3
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celaness (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-10 1/2) 26-10½
Courtaulds Ordinary (24-10 1/2) 24-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (12-9) 12-4 1/2
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (40-0) 39-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-9) 13-9
Donaro Tea (26-3) 26-3
Empire of India (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-6) 14-6
Gula Kelampong (14-4 1/2) 13-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-3) 22-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (30-0) 30-0
Rand Mines (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown (£11 3/4) £12
Associated Portland Cement (47-6) 46-10 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (56-3) 55-0
Sub Nigel (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-0) 20-0
Anglo India (32-6) 32-6
Burma Oil (43-1 1/2) 43-9
Mexican Eagle (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
Shell Transport (33-1 1/2) 33-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£26 3/4) £26 1/2
London Midland Ordinary (£11 1/4) £11 1/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9) £9
London Transport 5 per cent (£113) £113
London Transport 'C' (£30 1/2) £30 1/2

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS: July 17.

The local Stock Exchange maintained a steady undertone and Miscellaneous shares were active. Planting shares remained steady while Cotton Mills remained unchanged.

Exchange transactions from 12 noon of 16th inst. to 12 noon of the 17th inst. were:—

3 1/2 per cent 66—76; Rangoon Municipal Bonds 95; Kalpettas 14/8 s l; Highlands 24/4; Choonoor Tea 2/8; Coorgs 23/8; Periakaramalai 16/8 cd; Manalur 2/13; Travancores 5/12; Mysore Chemicals 11/4, 11/8; Indian Steel Rolling 5/9, 5/11, 5/12; Singarenis 9/4.

SHIPPING NEWS

SAILED

Bombay: July 17.

H Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Hakone Maru of 6307 reg tons Capt Y Okuno sailed for Liverpool with passengers and general cargo.

The following vessel is booked for loading on 17/7/1940:—

Dutch s s Tosari.

EXPORTS

105 tons old iron scrap M G Abdulhusein and Co, 65 bls D/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons, 28 bls white wool D Abraham and Sons, 6464 bags myrabollams P Mathradas and Co, 30 bls wool raw Vasanji and Co, 26 bls wool raw M R Saffi and Co, 474 bags myrabollams K Tricamji, 25 bls wool raw, H E Dossa, 185 bags mustard seed Volkart Bros, 28 bls raw cotton Ralli Bros Ltd, 70 bls wool raw Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd.

IMPORTS

Bombay: July 17.

2023 bags copra, 550 c/s refined camphor, 20 c/s camphor powder, 1603 bags betelnuts, 54 c/s rubber hose, 40 c/s silk and art silk mxd pce-goods, 139 c/s ctn and art silk mxd pce-goods, 30 c/s wln yarn, 1206 c/s art silk yarn, 151 c/s ctn goods, 63 c/s rayon goods, 101 bls ctn fents, 28 c/s silk pce-goods, 100 bdls mattress fibre, 22 bls wln pce-goods, 886 bls staple fibre yarn, 949 c/s ctn pce-goods, 662 c/s rayon pce-goods, 83 c/s hanging clocks, 1544 c/s rayon yarn, 195 c/s ctn and art silk mxd pce-goods, 50 c/s confectionery, 38 c/s nut buttons, 295 c/s glassware, 43 c/s bobbins, 34 c/s flower of sulphur, 240 drums dyes and colours, 130 c/s stone powder, 193 c/s machinery and parts, 74 c/s dental cream 31 c/s lead pencils, 43 c/s art silk pce-goods, 33 c/s iron bars, 47 c/s wln goods, 43 c/s art silk goods, 80 bls strawboards, 94 c/s sheet glass, 26 c/s rubber air balloon, 395 pcs porcelainware, 117 c/s glass bangles, 313 c/s cotton yarn, 31 c/s Hurricane lanterns; 110 c/s glass bottles, 40 c/s chemicals, 974 coils galvd iron wire, 38 c/s iron pipe fittings, 55 c/s batteries, 1060 coils galvd plain iron wire, 184 pkgs Manila rope, 224 c/s empty glass bottles, 63 c/s paper goods, 35 c/s enamelled ware, 101 cases umbrella goods, 65 cases umbrella ribs, 90 c/s panel pins, 100 bls raw cotton, 261 casks tallow, 40 c/s playing cards, 192 c/s steel rivets, 375 cts galvd flat sheet, 475 pcs galvd iron pipe, 215 pcs black iron pipe, 600 c/s beer, 1901 pcs planks, 100 c/s zinc chloride, 300 cts tiles, 103 c/s elect goods, 23 c/s elect fittings, 600 c/s firecrackers, 30 bags broken tiles, 37 pkgs porcelain marbles, 156 pcs solid drawn iron pipe, 101 bris galvd iron pipe joints, 150 c/s pineapple, 500 pkgs cassia, 34 c/s transmission conductor.

Expert Expects Downpour To Continue For Another Two Days

BOMBAY Wednesday.

There was continuous rainfall, sometimes torrential, sometimes drizzling in the city to-day.

The Colaba weather expert feels that the monsoon current has definitely strengthened and that one may expect heavy rains for another two days.

The following rainfall figures were recorded at the Colaba Observatory for the last 24 hours:

Colaba: 0.72"; St. George's Hospital: 1.65"; J. J. Hospital: 1.75"; and Matunga: 2.40." The total rainfall figures are: 34.53", that is 0.46" above normal, 36.67", 38.62" and 34.46" respectively.

The maximum temperature was 86.1 degrees, that is one degree above normal and the minimum 76.1 degree, that is 0.2 degree below normal.

TAJ & GREEN'S

The Taj and Green's have the following fixtures of Entertainment for the monsoon weeks:—

At the Taj, Ken Mac and His Band, with Beryl Templeman, will appear for the Dinner Dances on Fridays, and on Saturdays. Theodore and His Boys with Bert and Mickey will be in attendance.

On Tuesday (July 23), a double Band entertainment feature is fixed for Taj, led by Ken Mac's and Theodore's Bands.

Lunch time is brightened by the famous Melody Trio, and the a la Carte facilities are a deciding factor for puzzled Diners!

Green's has its regular Amateur Nights, and Dinner Dances are held on Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays with good music.

The opening of a commodious and attractive Grill Bar Lounge, downstairs, at the Green's, is a welcome addition to the many amenities already provided there.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 17

Yellow metal sheets ..... Rs. 56 0 0
Copper sheets ..... Rs. 68 8 0
Tone:—Steady

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Easier Feeling

CALCUTTA: July 17.

Market conditions seemed to be slightly easier to-day on account of profit-taking. In Government securities 3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes were quoted at Rs. 89/12. In speculative issues Indian Irons and Steel Corpns ordy receded to Rs. 26/10 and Rs. 15/12 respectively. Other Industrials were more or less unaltered.

The following were to-day's closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3 per cent Govt. Paper 76/4 s lot; 3 per cent Loan 1941 101/2 s lot; 3 per cent New Loan 1963/65 88/4; 3 1/2 per cent Govt Paper 89/14; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 100/14; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 10/3; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 109/7 small lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1472 c div; Punjab National Bank fully paid 101; Reserve 99.

Railways: Saraserajganj Railway 98.

Coals: Bengal 320 ex-div s lots; Churulia 1/7 ex-div; Equitable 32/8 s lot; Talcher 1/7; West Jamuria 26/13.

Jutes: Adamjee ordy 20 s lot; Anglo-India 303; Clive 7 per cent pref 129; Gourepore 611/8; Hukumchand pref 86; National 20/3.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 5/1; Indian Copper 2/1; Consolidated Tin 3/1; Rhodesia Copper As. 14; Bengal Telephone pref 11/8; Jubbulpore Elec 12/8; Burn and Co ord 318; Indian Iron and Steel 26/10; Kumardhubi Eng ordy 3/12; Steel Corporation ordy 15/12; Steel Corpn pref 100 ct; Balmer Lawrie 278/8; British Ceylon Corpn ord 5/4; B I Corpn ordy 4/2; B I Corpn pref 152; Dunlop Rubber ordy 29/8; India Paper Pulp 133; Mysore Paper 12/2 ct; Star Paper 7/12; Titaghur Paper ordy 15/12 ex-div ex-rights; Titaghur Paper second pref 107; Midnapore Zemindary 76.

Tea: Putlibari 16/4; Patrakola pref 139.

Debentures: 4 1/2 per cent 1939/49/54 Agarpara Jute Debs 101; 5 1/2 per cent 1938/53 Carew and Co Debs 104 ct; 5 1/2 per cent 1939/49 Hukumchand Jute 3rd Mortgage Debs 101/4.—A. P.

Racing

Great 1939-40 Season

Crack Jockeys: Aga Khan's Horses: Tant Mieux

Owing to the abandonment of racing in England several classic horses have found their way to India and will be seen at Calcutta and Bombay during the coming season.

"The Bombay Chronicle" now understands some of England's prominent jockeys, who have not been able to join in the defence of their country, may make the trip to India and be seen in the saddle in the near future.

Michael Beary, it is said, has accepted a retainer to ride in Poona, Calcutta and Bombay. H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda is his patron. Beary has registered wins in the Derby (1937), the Oaks (1932) and the St. Leger (1929.)

This year before racing was called off, Beary was second to Gordon Richards in the race for the jockey championship.

Gordon Richards is coupled with the name of the Maharaja of Kashmir, as is Tommy Weston with the Maharaja of Kolhapur. Eph. Smith with the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior and Bill Nevett with the Raja of Akalkot. These are the reported probable engagements.

As H. H. the Aga Khan has decided to race again in India C. Smirke is likely to go back on a previous decision that, he would not ride in India again.

Another report is that, R. Perryman will don silk for a prominent Bombay owner.

AGA KHAN'S HORSES

With Moradabad, H. H. the Aga Khan is sending to India Bashir, Jindani, Bisharin and Dinshaw.

Bashir as a two-year-old had three outing in 1939. He was unplaced in the Fitzwilliam Stakes. Next time out he was second to Fair Test in the Lancashire Breeders' Produce Stakes of £4,321. Again he followed the winner home (Northern Lights) in the Rous Memorial Stakes of £1,265. In the last race he was an odds-on favourite.

In the Maiden Two-Year-Old Stakes Jindani was unplaced. This event was won by Lucullus from Tant Mieux Um Habiba, another of the Aga Khan's horses, already in this country, was fourth in this event. Turkhan bettered his stable companion Jindani in the Coventry Stakes of £2,500

Bisharin had only one outing in 1939. This was in the Zetland Stakes, in which he was unplaced.

Moot Law, another English Horse in India now, also failed in this race.

TANT MIEUX

Great things are expected from Tant Mieux in the Classics of 1940-41 Indian Racing season. He will carry the popular Orange jacket of the Maharaja of Kolhapur who now owns him.

Tant Mieux was one the most prominent three-year-old colts in England.

Patrons of the Turf will be interested in this colt's performances up to-date, as he is an Eclipse Stakes entry.

1939—Maiden Stakes at New Market, second to Lucullus.

First in the Woodcote Stakes at Epsom, value £1,272.

First in the New Stakes at Ascot, value £2,920.

Beaten by a short head by Musical Queen at Salisbury.

First in the Gimcrack Stakes at York, value £3,224.

Run second to Djebil in the Middle Park Stakes.

1940—First in the Grenham Stakes at Newbury, value £1,659.

Placed third to Diebel in the Two Thousand Guineas at New Market.

First in the Derby Trial at Hurst Park, value £850.

Finished fourth to Pont L'Eveque in the New Derby at New Market.

SECUNDERABAD RACES

SECUNDERABAD, July 17.

The following are results of Secunderabad races:—

DESERT PLATE DIV. II:—Distance about 5 furlongs.

GOOD LUCK (D. W. Balfour) 8-4 Evans 1
MAISARA (H. D. Appoo) 7-0 (cd. 7-7) Whiteside 2
JEHANGIR (K. K. Ratehod) 7-5 (cd. 7-10) H. McQuade 3
Mahrus Al Iraq (Abdulla Rumiah) 9-2 Jabbar Najam 4

Tote paid: Rs. 38 for win, Rs. 9, Rs. 9 and Rs. 16-8 for places.

HINGOLI PLATE:—Distance about 5 furlongs.

BARBALLINI (Major R. Tyrrell) 8-1 C. Adley 1
DISCARD (Mrs. Justice) 8-5 J. O'Neale 2
WUNDERBAR (Maharaja Parlakimedi) 9-4 Evans 3
Pratap (Mrs. B. M. Goculdas) 8-12 Burn 4

Tote paid: Rs. 25 for win, Rs. 6 and Rs. 6-8 for places.

DESERT PLATE DIV. I:—Distance about 5 furlongs.

ALMUNTASIR (Haji Ahmed Salla) 8-13 Evans 1
HASSUN PASHA (Syed Mehdi) 9-1 H. McQuade 2
MURTAH (Hamad Mahomed) 8-6 B. McQuade 3
Zafar Pasha (N. Rupchand) 7-10, (cd. 8-1) Vir Singh 4

Tote paid: Rs. 9-8 for win, Rs. 7, Rs. 12-8 and Rs. 10 for places.

NEWMARKET PLATE:—Distance about 1 mile.

ESSEX STAR (Soma Sundaram) 7-13 S. J. Meekings 1
BUNNY SMITH (Mrs. Nugent Grant) 8-9 M. O'Neale 2
THE GROVE (Mirza Ahmed) 8-13 C. Adely 3
Overmills (Khan Sahib M. Mohamed Omar) 7-3 Shanker Papsuji 4

Tote paid: Rs. 8 for win, Rs. 8, and Rs. 13 for places.

SHAHYARJUNG MEMORIAL CUP:—Distance about 6 furlongs.

WHYNA (Messrs. M. H. Salah-ud-Din and G. M. Hasan Ali) 9-3 Evans 1
ODORANTE (Major Rajkumar C. Desaraj Urs) 8-0 C. Adely 2
MERRY PASS (Imamuddin) 9-2 Fazal Rahman 3
Irish Broadcast (T. Hill) 8-6 Shanker Papsuji 4

Tote paid: Rs. 19-8 for win, Rs. 9-8, Rs. 17 and Rs. 28-8 for places.

BERAR PLATE:—Distance about 6 furlongs.

NIGHT HAWK (Saleh Moosa) 8-9 T. Burn 1
MOONSTONE (Miss F. J. Mashal) 9-3 N. Whiteside 2
SHUMS (Messrs. C. K. S. Chetty and Hamid Jamoor) 9-3 S. J. Meeking 3
Musaidalkhair (Daudmahomed Abidi) 8-12 J. O'Neale 4

Football

HARWOOD LEAGUE

Y. M. C. A. Better The B. E. S. T.

Football was difficult on a field that had suffered monsoon showers for near on twenty-four hours. Hence, the First Division fixture in the Harwood League was a scramble, rather than a soccer contest. The teams meeting were the B. E. S. T. and the Y. M. C. A. The match was vested with some interest due the position of the Y. M. C. A. as far as League honours went. The latter held a sporting chance for top honours. If the B. E. S. T. rose to the occasion it would be all up with the Y. M. C. A. This was not to be, as the latter won by two goals, one point coming in each half. The Y. M. C. A. were more than full value for their margin of victory.

THE GAME

The early minutes of game were in favour of the Y. M. C. A. during which spell Butchi missed two silvers. D. Alexander with a fine shot hit the cross bar. All this happened in the first ten minutes. Jesudean was guilty of throwing away another opening for the Y. M. C. A. Then Butchi came along and gave the Y. M. C. A. the lead in the thirteenth minute. The Y. M. C. A. should have been two up in the next minute through the same player. Midway through the period the B. E. S. T. might have got on terms if Anthony had caught up a pass from Gardner, right in front of the goal. Another prolonged spell of pressure by the Y. M. C. A. and then the B. E. S. T. lost an opportunity. Lynn saving his side, picking the ball of Michael's boot.

After half time the Y. M. C. A. got going but failed to add to their advantage. The B. E. S. T. did some attacking and the Y. M. C. A. had a spell of anxious minutes. However, seven minutes from the close, Butchi obliged again and the Y. M. C. A. went to two. At this tally the match closed.

TO-DAY'S MATCH

Cooperage—5-50 p.m.—Welch Regiment vs. South Kanara.

I. F. A. SHIELD

CALCUTTA, July 17.

The following are the results of matches played in the I. F. A. Shield to-day:—

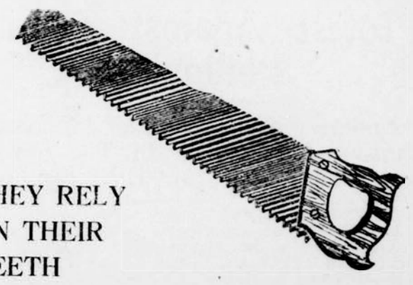
Town Club (Khulna) 4: Barisal 1.
Bhowanipore 2: Howrah District 1 (replay).
Customs 1: Faridpur 0.
Aryans 2: Domohani 1.—A. P.

Tote paid: Rs. 29-8 for win, Rs. 8-8, Rs. 6-8 and Rs. 8 for places.

CALCUTTA PLATE:—Distance about 7 furlongs.

SUBA AL ZAMAN (Basheer Mohamed) 7-7 (cd. 8-0) W. T. Evans ... 1
JALMUD-AL-IRAQ (Mrs. J. H. Mashal) 8-8 N. Whiteside ... 2
DAGASTAN (V. H. Parikh) 8-6 S. J. Meekings 3
Abdal-Al-Mosul (Mrs. Justice) 7-13 J. O'Neale 4

Tote paid: Rs. 16 for win, Rs. 7, Rs. 14 and Rs. 7 for places.—A. P.



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TEETH

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MADE IN INDIA FOR INDIAN CONDITIONS.

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Here's the simplest and most reliable cure for indigestion and all its complications. It contains neither drugs nor poisons and is not superficial as a temporary cure but uproots the causes of all stomach-disorders. Amritddara is a powerful carminative and germicide and as such it is a sovereign remedy for cholera. It can therefore be used with confidence in dyspepsia, flatulence, billiousness, colic, vomitting, loss of appetite, diarrhoea etc.
Price Rs. 2/8, 1/4. Sample Ans. 8 only.

Send for a Sample costing Ans. 8 only or get it from the nearest good dealer.

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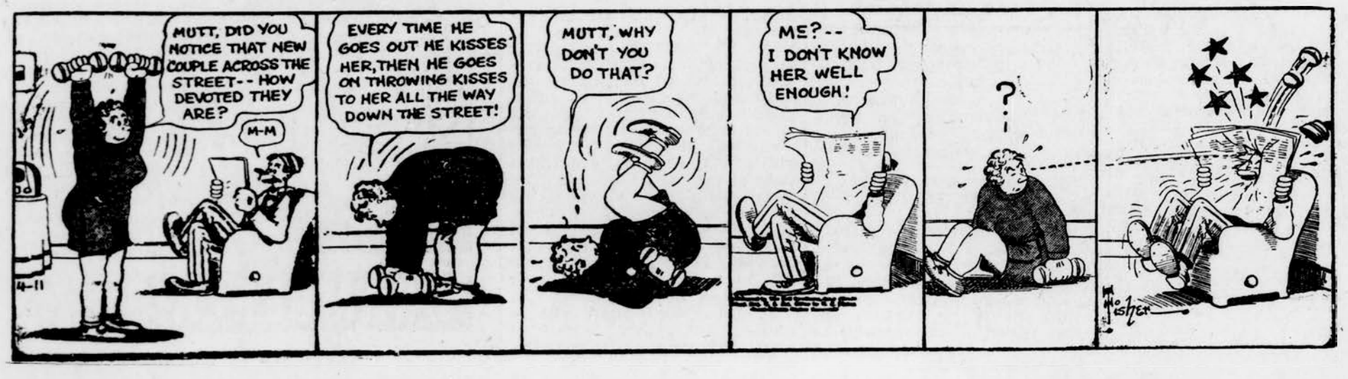
AMRITDHARA PHARMACY LAHORE

Note.—M/s. Mahesa & Sons, Bhagalpur have been appointed Sole Agents for Amritdhara. Communications regarding Agency, etc., can also be made to them.

MUTT AND JEFF—Showing That Mutt Wasn't the Only Dumbbell in the House

By BUD FISHER


MUTT, DID YOU NOTICE THAT NEW COUPLE ACROSS THE STREET-- HOW DEVOTED THEY ARE?
M-M
EVERY TIME HE GOES OUT HE KISSES HER, THEN HE GOES ON THROWING KISSES TO HER ALL THE WAY DOWN THE STREET!
MUTT, WHY DON'T YOU DO THAT?
ME?-- I DON'T KNOW HER WELL ENOUGH!
?
4-11

KEEP FIT AND HAPPY

By its unique power to stimulate the vital digestive process, Bovril helps you to get full benefit from your food, and so maintains your energy and strength at the highest level.

KEEP TAKING BOVRIL

ON THE AIR

THURSDAY, JULY 18.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Surdas Bhajan. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 Bai Tarabai Gadagkar. 8-30 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Rafique Ghaznavi. 12-30 p.m. Ram and Krishna. 12-45 Celluloid Songs. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Ramante Tatra Devtah: Programme for women in Gujarati. 1-10 Geets Galore. 1-20 Mutual Understanding: Daily lesson in English and Hindustani. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch Hour Music. School Broadcasts. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 Gujarati Literature: Premanand's Sudama: Talk. 5-35 Gujarati Bhavgeets. 4-45 Music lesson. 5 Gandas sung by an A I R artists. 5-10 Kharadker: Violin. 5-15 Three Taranas. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Rafique Ghaznavi. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Tara Bai Gadagkar. 6-30 Khamaj on Dilruba. 6-35 Avinash: Gujarati Geets. 6-45 Ditties from Dnyaneshwar. 7 A Topical Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 Pramila Bai. 7-30 R. Ramnathkar. 7-45 Instrumental duets on Sarangi and Sarod. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Berlin ki Khabren: Talk in Hindustani relayed from Lahore. 8-45 Pramila Bai. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-50 Antsher Lobo: Guitar. 10 Massed Bands of Aldershot Command. 10-15 George Lester: Violoncello.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. M. U. Khan: Sarod. 7-40 Songs from "Main Hari." 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Master Sabir. 8-50 Three Bhavgeets. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Bhavnani Productions Orchestra. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 S. R. Ali: Patdeep on Clarionet. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Mohan: Marathi Bhavgeet. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Navsariwala. 8-5 Nagesh. 8-15 A. R. Khan. 8-25 As in Bombay 1. 8-30 Looking Forward, 1: Education, Sports and Amusements: Talk in English. 8-45 As in Bombay 1. 9 Tara Bai Gadagkar. 9-35 The A I R Bhajan Mandali. 9-45 Lokaseva: Marathi sketch. 10 Rafique Ghaznavi.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. A I R Strings. 5-10 Muzaffar Khan. 5-30 J. S. Chowdhury. 5-45 Rashid Ahmad. 6-15 Ashiq Husain. 6-30 Ghazalen aur Geet. 7-5 A Violin recital. 7-15 Aziz and Afzal: Duet. 7-25 Majidan Bai. 7-45 Amateur Theatre. 1: The Play: Talk. 8 Abdul Aziz Khan Beenkar: Vichitra Veena recital. 8-15 For Villagers Only. 10 Sidelights on the War: Talk. 10-5 Khayal and Thumri. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 I. S. Chowdhury: Bengali Geets. 8-30 Berlin ki Khabren: Talk in Hindustani relayed from Simla. 8-45 Thumrian. 9 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Abdul Aziz Khan Beenkar: Vichitra Veena recital. 9-45 Muzaffar Khan. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Louis and His Dance Band: Popular Dance Music.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the countryside. 5-50 Pashupati Mittra. 6-5 Bisweshwar Bhattacharya. 6-30 Anath Nath Bose. 6-40 Mastan Gama. 7 Rajibabu: Humorous skit. 7-15 Preeti Bose: Sarod recital. 7-30 Anath Nath Bose. 7-45 Health Talk: Talk in Bengali. 8 Something Unexpected. 8-15 New Records. 8-30 Harold Scott: Piano. 9 Esme Coombs: Contralto. 10 All Bubbly: That sparkling Concert Party.

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Revenue From Radio Sets And Licences

The revenue from customs duty on wireless reception instruments and apparatus and from licence fees maintains an upwards tendency. Customs revenue from January to March, 1940, showed an increase of nearly Rs. 198,000 over the figures for the corresponding period of 1939. Licence fees increased by Rs. 59,241 as compared with the same period of last year.

Broadcast In Oriya

NEW DELHI, July 17.

One more language has been added to the list of nine languages hitherto employed by All-India Radio.

The Calcutta station has arranged for the broadcast of news talks in Oriya every Tuesday, Thursday and Friday.—A. P.

Imperial Institute Of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore

RESULTS OF FINAL EXAMINATION

The following candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination held in May, 1940. The names are in order of merit.

Sugar Boilers Certificate Course: K. G. Rajbansi (2nd Division); S. R. Husain Rizvi (3rd Division).

BRYLCREEM

THE PERFECT HAIR DRESSING

TO BE IN FACTORY-SEALED BOTTLES

A NEW cap has been devised for Brylcreem bottles and jars enabling them to be sealed at the factory. This sealing protects you against substitution. The new type cap is to be introduced gradually. Some time will elapse before it is in exclusive use. In the meantime both caps are genuine and authorised. Brylcreem is the dressing *you* need to control your hair and keep it healthy. Buy a bottle today

Safety cap which is to be gradually introduced

When your district begins to receive supplies of the new-type bottles and jars, see that the metal cap is unbroken. Then you can be sure that you are getting:—

BRYLCREEM—The Perfect Hair Dressing

C.X.21

Heavy Tenders Against N. Y. July Contract

ACTIVE SPECULATIVE SUPPORT IN NEW CROP MONTHS

Peace Rumours And Rain Over Belt

Bombay, July 17

On Tuesday, the New York cotton market was irregular. There was heavy long liquidation in July against 56 tender notices while new crop months were supported on rain reports.

There were recurrent peace rumours and firmness of Chicago grains and advance in Wall Street market.

The Chicago grain market strengthened on reports of absence of rains over the Cotton Belt and it was said the Government was carefully studying European relief problems. Wall Street market was firm owing to oversold state on reports that Germany desires to negotiate with Britain before Blitzkrieg.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York market opened steady but there was July liquidation against 5600 bales tenders and there was poor support. In new crop months there was trade local and Wall Street buying on reports of unwanted rains over Eastern and Central Belts. The market closed irregular.

At the opening October was 2 points down at 9.42 which was the lowest level. Later on there was improved buying and price advanced to 9.53 which was the highest level. Towards the close prices reacted 2 points but October closed at a new high point. July declined 14 points at 9.58 while other months gained 6 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 6 pts up at 10.56 per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also irregular with increased selling in July which declined 17 points and new crop months closed 6 points up. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 10.40c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened 8 points up at 7.34. The market was influenced on reports that highest crop loan was justifiable at net weights with price differentials according to location and on firm Bombay advices. There was scattered buying and Bombay was reported small buyer. Later on there was scattered hedging. Unfavourable Manchester reports and disappointing New York opening advices were responsible for local liquidation. The market closed at a rise of 3 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 8.07d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quiet with scattered selling. Uppers futures declined 6 to 8 points while Giza futures closed 9 to 8 points down.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (1-6 p.m.)	9.53+08
New York October lowest (10 a.m.)	9.42—03
Liverpool October highest	7.34+08
Liverpool October lowest	7.29+03

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market quiet but steady. Undertone bullish.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, July 16

July	9.58—14
Middling Spot	10.56+06

NEW CONTRACT

July	9.91—13
October	9.51+06
December	9.38+06
January	9.28+06
March	9.17+06
May	8.99+06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, July 16

July	9.58—17
Middling Spot	10.40—10

NEW CONTRACT

October	9.53+06
December	9.40+06

NEW YORK
New York, July 16
11 a.m. ranges Noon call

July	9.50/9.50	9.38
October	9.46/9.46	9.48
December	9.32/9.32	9.35

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, July 16

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	2,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	15,000
Day's exports to the Continent	nil
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, July 16

July	7.60+03
August	7.48+03
September	7.37+03
October	7.29+03
November	7.16+03
December	7.06+03
January	7.02+04
February	6.97+04
March	6.93+04
April	6.88+04
May	6.84+04
June	6.79+04
July	6.75+04
Middling Spot	8.07+04
	10 a.m. quotations
October	7.32
January	7.04

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 17

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 3-84 1/4 at New York. London Spot silver prices advanced 1/8d at 22 3/16d. while forward quotation was unchanged at 21 3/4d. There was small short covering and the market was quietly steady. New York Spot silver prices remained unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/4. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 58-11-0 and forward parity was Rs. 57-11-3. The local market was quiet on American reports of peace and there was scattered business. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs. 41 12 0
Ashad	41 12 6

SILVER

Ready	62 3 0
Ashad	61 15 0

LONDON GOLD
London, July 16

Gold Bars fine per oz	£8-8-0

LONDON SILVER
London, July 16

Spot	22 3/16
Forward	21 3/4

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, July 16

T T London on:—	
New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Madrid	37.70
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.70/17.80
Stockholm	16.85/16.95

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, July 16

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£62 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£79
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£107
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£72 1/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£99 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£99 1/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 5/8
Victory bonds	£109 1/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£6 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London Reg.	£65
National Bank of India	£26

LONDON SEEDS
London, July 16

Rozario Santa Fe	unquoted
Barletta Russo July quoted	30
South Australian July quoted	26/9

LONDON RUBBER
London, July 16

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers	12 1/8

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-50	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15 (*Mon.)	21-15 (Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-16
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Katbiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	2037	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank holiday this train

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 17

Following a rise of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 205/8 and improved to Rs. 206/8 on scattered buying. Later on there was increased selling by professional operators and prices declined to Rs. 203/4. The market steadied at Rs. 204 and trading was restricted. It appears that although general feeling remains moderately bullish but speculative long interest is increasing and operators are adopting cautious attitude.

Later on there was considerable unloading and failure of support with reports of rain prices gradually sagged to Rs. 199. At this level there was scattered covering and prices improved to Rs. 200/8. It may be noted that to-day for the first time there was a change in the sentiment and it is generally believed that the downward trend would go further. Liverpool market opened unchanged and later was reported 4 points lower. In the local market there was increased selling and prices declined to Rs. 198. The market was weak with tired liquidation. Later on there was increased covering and prices improved. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G BROACH:—			
July/August	Rs.	177	0 0
April/May		197	12 0
FINE M G OOMRA:—			
July		168	0 0
December/January		174	8 0
F G M G BENGAL:—			
July		137	0 0
December/January		142	8 0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, July 17

	To-day	Total
Broach	1150	23800
Bengal	nil	7150
Oomra	200	4650

COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, July 17

		Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		151	148	145	142	
M G Punjab		151	148	145	142	
M G Rajputana		158	155	152	149	
M G Oomra No. 3	180	178	175	172		
M G C P No. 1	192	190	187	184		
M G C P No. 2	185	183	180	177		
M G Broach No. 2		188	186	184	181	
M G Punjab-American		219	217	215	212	
M G Surat		242	240	238	235	
M G Rajpipla		236	234	232	229	
M G Navsari		247	245	243	240	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 17

Bengal Fine	146-48
C. P. 1	181-84
C. P. 2	175-77
Berar	174-76
Khandesh	169-71
Jalna/Sailu	170-72
Ahmednagar	167-70
Broach	179-83

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 16

UPPERS:—	
Spot	11.88—05
July	11.27—08
October	10.85—06
December	10.75—06
January	10.55—07
March	10.35—07
May	10.28—07
GIZA NO. 2:—	
Spot	11.37—06
July	10.76—09
October	10.52—09
November	10.52—09
January	10.35—08
March	10.20—08
May	10.12—08

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 16

Broach J/A highest 186 lowest 187 1/2 closing 182 1/4

Broach A/M highest 207 1/2 lowest 201 1/4 closing 203 1/2

Oomra July highest 175 lowest 170, closing 172 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 183 1/2 lowest 178 1/2 closing 180

Bengal July highest 144 1/2 lowest 139 1/2 closing 141 1/2

Bengal D/J highest 150 1/2 lowest 145 1/2 closing 147 1/2

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 17

After a steady opening the market was inclined to be easier. Tata Deferreds were quoted at 1910 at the opening and thereafter were steadily marked down ot 1865. The Ordinaries, likewise, declined from 361 to 352. A partial recovery, however, was noted towards the close and Deferreds and Ordinaries touched 1877/8 and 356, closing finally at 1870 and 354 respectively. In sympathy with Steels, Textiles also presented an easier tone, with Bombay Dyeings quoting around 910.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1900) 1910 1865 1877-8 1870
Tata Ordinaries (360) 361 352 356 354
Tata Ordinary 354; Tata Deferred 1870; Indian Iron 27/2; Bombay Dyeing 910; Century 266/4; Central India 256/14; Kohinoor 350; Associated Cement 114; Bombay Burma 542/8; Scindia Steam 19/10; Tata Hydro 160; Reserve Bank 101/8; Imperial Bank F P 1475; Central Bank 35/12; Bank of India 113/8; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 89/12

HOLIDAY ON INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

The market will remain closed on Thursday, the 18th instant, owing to a Jain holiday.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, July 17

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—
Shipment September Rs. 8-13-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready:—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 17-8-0 to 17-11-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 17-12-0 to 18-6-0
Tone:—Steady

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, July 17

Castorseeds September—			
Opening	Rs.	38	12 0
Highest		38	14 0
Lowest		38	10 0
Closing		38	10 0
Groundnut August—			
Opening		30	14 0
Highest		31	3 6
Lowest		30	12 6
Closing		31	0 6
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening		26	12 0
Highest		26	14 6
Lowest		26	11 0
Closing		26	14 6

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 17

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August 121 October 123 December 125
Yarn No. 10 1/2s August 140 October 142 December 145
Yarn No. 20 1/2s August 169 October 174 December 179
Yarn No. 40s August 240 October 242 December 245

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay, July 17

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd).

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	Rs.	81	0 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy		81	12 0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy		86	0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt		16	0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt		13	4 0

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, July 17

Wheat September	Rs.	0	5 9
Groundnut August		1	14 0
Castorseed September		3	12 0
Cottonseed September		1	8 0
Silver Ashad		0	8 0
Silver Shrawan		2	4 0
Gold Ashad		0	5 0
Gold Shrawan		1	0 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 16-7-40	7724000	3962000
Receipts yesterday 15-7-40	3000	8000
Exports to date 16-7-40	6359000	3507000
Stock at Ports 12-7-40	2526000	1923000
Stock at Interior Towns 12-7-40	2030000	2460000
Stock at Liverpool 12-7-40	.....	690000
Visible Supply 12-7-40	.....	4857000
Quantity in sight 12-7-40	13737000	9441000
Quantity out of sight 12-7-40	.....	10219000

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, July 17

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesh		55,579	38,695
Central India		109,361	224,388
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	92,566
Hyderabad/Gaorani		47,970	4,474
Berar		318,603	152,597
Central Provinces		76,962	38,096
Total Oomras		722,593	560,766
Dholeras		89,297	276,728
N W Provinces		26,048	9,201
Rajputana		35,228	76,279
Sind-Punjab		366,635	328,423
Broach	203	408,133	414,469
Coompta and Dharwar		49,577	147,080
Westerns-Northerns	268	35,513	94,414
Cocoanada		86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	2	1,392	2,637
Total		473 1,734,502	1,910,095
Arrived by road to 11th July 1940		339,387	

INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Steady Progress

The forty-eighth Annual Report of the Indian Life Assurance Company Limited, of Karachi shows that year after year the Company has been recording steady progress and now this report on the working of the Company is a glorious tribute to its sound, thoughtful management and its progressive policy. Below are extracts from the Report for the year ending 31st December, 1939.

During the year under report policies were issued for Rs. 32,11,375, which is a record for the Company. Total business now in force is Rs. 2,37,46,554.

The amount paid in claims during the year was Rs. 6,74,351-15-0, which compares very favourable with that paid out by any other Company under the same head.

The balance of Life Insurance Fund at the end of the year was Rs. 93,65,191-6-7 as against Rs. 90,36,755-1-6 at the beginning of the year, recording a very satisfactory increase of Rs. 3,28,436-5-1 on the working of the year.

The major part of the Company's assets consists of Gilt-edged and other first class securities of the face value of Rs. 1,09,46,967, their market value on 31st December, 1939 being Rs. 1,09,20,390. As a safe guard against depreciation in market values, the Company holds an investment Reserve Fund of Rs. 6,00,958-6-7. The remaining assets consist of valuable house property, Policy loans, well secured Mortgages, etc. Very few Companies hold the very stable securities that this Company owns, as the insuring public are beginning to discover.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 17.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	95-12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	100-10
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds	96-12
3 1/2 per cent G. P Notes	90
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	103
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	103-10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	101
4 1/2 per cent 1955/69 Loan	107-2
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	100-8
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans	87-12
TAX FREE LOANS	
3 per cent 1945/55 Loan	102-14
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore	106
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	118
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T	1947 100
4 per cent M Deb.	1947 99-8
5 per cent M Deb.	1959 109
6 per cent M Deb.	1954 115
6 per cent K P T	1955 115

Tone: Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 17

S. C. RATES

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 17th January

LONDON:—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 17th January
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 17th January
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T 333 1/2
Bank's buying T T 330
Banks buying D D 328

PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T not quoted
Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 85 nominal
Bank's buying T T 80 nominal
Bank's buying 60 days 79 1/4 nominal

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—
Banks buying D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 24 1/4

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—
Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 17th inst.
Shanghai London 0/4 3/16 17th inst.
New York London 3.84 16th inst.
London Java 7.58/62 16th inst.
London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 16th inst.
London Switzerland 17.70/80 16th inst.
London Stockholm 16.85/95 16th inst.
London Japan 1/3 1/8 16th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £8-8-0 15th inst.
Gold £8-8-0 16th instant
Silver London Ready 22 1/16 15th inst.
Silver London Ready 22 3/16 16th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 3/4 15th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 3/4 16th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 15th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 16th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 15th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 16th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 15th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 16th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 16

3 per cent	79	
3 1/2 per cent	91	1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100	
4 per cent 1948/53	104	
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107	
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109	
5 per cent 1942/47	103	3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96	
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	72	1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99	1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110	5/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	40	

London Share Quotations

Bombay, July 17

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by Air Mail from their London Agents:

Names.	£	s.	d.
Amalgamated Tin Mines of Nigeria Ltd.	0	5	9
Guest, Keen & Nettlefold	XD 0	19	3
Turner and Newall	2	17	6
Associated Electric Industries	1	15	6
Attock Oil	1	3	9
Barsi Light Railways	43	0	0
Automatic Telephone and Elec. Ordinary	2	1	6
Castlefield (Kiang) Rubber	0	1	9
Beira Railways	1	3	9
United Br. Oilfields of Trinidad	0	5	0
Marconi International Marine	1	1	0
General Electric Ordinary	3	10	0
Fairey Aviation Co. Ltd.	0	10	6
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinary	0	14	3
International Rlys. of C. America	dol	3.00	
Malayalam Plantations	1	6	3
British Burma Petroleum	0	8	9
Soudan Plantation Syndicate	0	19	0
British South Africa (Chartered)	0	17	6
Pahang Consolidated Ordinary	0	12	6
Indian Copper Corpn Ordinary	0	3	0
Brazilian Traction Light and Power	dol	6	7/8
Marlu Gold Mining Areas Ltd	0	5	0
New Goldfields of Venezuela Ltd	0	3	0
Western Reef Ex. & Dev Co Ltd	0	11	4½
Amalgamated Banket Areas	0	3	0
Beralt Tin Wolfram Co Ltd	0	5	9
Inter. Railroads of C. A. 5 per cent Pref.	dol	55.00	
B. B. and C. I. Rly Ordinary Stock	107	0	0
Imperial Bank of Iran	XD 10	0	0
Benzol and By Products Ltd Pref	XD 0	15	0
Trust of Insurance Share Units	0	14	0
Trust of Bank and Insurance Shares	0	13	0
Trust of Bank Share Units	0	14	3

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 16

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	16
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	50
Amr Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	43 5/8
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	32 1/2
Electric Bond and Share Common	6 1/8
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	61
Columbia Gas and Electric	6
Amr Tel and Tel	150
Sun Life of Canada	175
Western Union Telegraph	18 3/8
New York Central R R	12 1/8
Great Northern Pfd	23 1/2
Union Pacific	84
Chesapeake and Ohio	37 1/4
Australia 5 per cent 1955	45 1/2
United States Steel	52 7/8
Bethlehem Steel	76 1/2
National Steel	58
Crucible Steel	29 1/2
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	22 1/2
Republic Steel	17 1/4
U. S. Smelting	50
Int Nickel of Canada	23 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	19 1/2
Chrysler Motors	64 3/4
General Motors	44 1/8
Socony	8 5/8
Consolidated Oil	6 1/4
St. Oil of N. J.	35
Texas Corporation	39 1/8
National City Bank of New York	25 1/2

Turnover 440,000 shares.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Increased Selling

Bombay, July 17

As anticipated the local share bazar ruled quiet to-day with increased selling. The market was affected by sharp decline in cotton prices and peace reports from Wall Street market. There were some talk on the floor of the Exchange that the Government has refused permission for resumption of forward trading and it was said that there is a move to give ordinary shares in place of Defds of Tata Steel Co. A.: these factors continued together to damp general feeling and there was a marked absence of any important buying. Those who were recently supporting the market withdrew and under moderate selling prices eased off.

Beneficial rains are reported from many districts and in normal state these ought to have created a better feeling but the market was left alone and after the recent rise, operators were cautious. At the moment the market outlook is uncertain and it will be advisable to await developments.

Cotton mill shares were quiet with scattered selling. Bombay Dyeing shares declined to Rs. 912/8 and Century shares lost Rs. 5 at Rs. 267. Central India shares were quiet at Rs. 258. Colabas were barely steady at Rs. 140/8 and Kohinoors closed at Rs. 355.

Bank shares were very steady with improved buying. Centrals looked up to Rs. 35/15 and Imperials improved to Rs. 1475. India Banks hardened to Rs. 134 and Reserve Bank shares closed at Rs. 102. Insurance shares were quiet. New Indias changed hands at Rs. 38/6 and Orientals were done at Rs. 3460.

Hydro Electric Section was steady. Powers closed Rs. 5 down at Rs. 1325 but Hydros improved to Rs. 161/8.

Tata Steel Defds declined Rs. 50/1 at Rs. 1865 and Ordinary shares eased off to Rs. 355. Petrols were quiet at Rs. 3/10 and Scindia shares were done at Rs. 19/10. Tata Steel seemed Preference shares closed at Rs. 148/8.

Yesterday the Wall Street market advanced broadly and closed firm with improvement attributed to oversold state. U. S. Steel shares advanced 1 1/8 at 52 7/8 and Anaconda Coppers closed 3/8 up at 19 1/2 dollars.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, July 17.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	382	0
250	Bombay Dyeing	912	8
100	Century	267	0
100	Central India	258	0
100	Colaba	140	8
100	Coorla	116	4
250	David	345	0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0	6 3
100	Finlay	130	0
100	Gokak	188	0
1000	Hindustan	1920	0
100	Indore	37	0
100	Khatau	120	0
100	Kohinoor	355	0
250	Laxmi	475	0
100	Morarji	175	0
50	Model	58	0

As. 8 for 5

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1940

GLYCO- THYMOLINE

(Kress & Owen Co.'s)

KEEP INFECTION AT BAY!

with

GLYCO-

THYMO-LINE

To cure common cold and tonsilities, douche the nose and gargle with Glyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues.

Obtainable at all Chemists.

Kher's Charge Against Govt.

Their Partiality Towards Foreign Liquor

High Court Judgment Thoroughly Erroneous

EX-PREMIER APPEALS TO PUBLIC TO AGITATE FOR PROHIBITION

Warning To Vested Interests And Anglo-Indian Press

MR. B. G. KHER, EX-PRIME MINISTER, BOMBAY AND LEADER OF THE CONGRESS LEGISLATURE PARTY HAS ISSUED THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:-

Shortly after the Congress Government resigned, the Government of Bombay and its Advisers assured the public that they would continue the general policy and beneficial measures initiated by the popular Government. The public was led to believe that there would be no departure from the policy of Prohibition which had been approved by the Legislature. I see now that there is a clear departure from the policy of Prohibition on the part of the Government of Bombay and I think it necessary to explain to the public the position as I see it.

I find that there is an impression in the minds of a section of the public that the Congress Government was very hasty and did not observe due care and caution while initiating their programme of Prohibition, that, as a result, it is now found that the present Government are helpless owing to the decision of the High Court and that they are compelled practically to abandon the Prohibition programme. This impression is not correct and needs to be removed.

PERFECTLY LEGAL

I want to state that before the Congress Government issued its Notification of July 1939, Government's Law Officers had carefully considered the question of its legality and had advised Government that it was a valid and legal Notification. It will be remembered that a vehement propaganda was being carried on by a section of the public against Government's Prohibition measures and the opinion of an eminent Advocate was published in the papers to the effect that the Government Notification was illegal. The question was, therefore, again considered by all the Government Law Officers and Government was assured that its action was perfectly legal. We intended to enact a full-fledged and carefully drafted Prohibition Act, but as the Legal Department was then working under great pressure owing to the Tenancy, Debt Relief and other Acts which were of great importance to a vast section of the public being under consideration by the Legislature there was no time to put through such a comprehensive measure in the Legislature.

EXECUTIVE LUKEWARM

Shortly after the Congress Government resigned, I began to receive information which convinced me that in the matter of carrying out the Congress Government's policy of Prohibition, if there was no open hostility, there was at any rate considerable lukewarmness on the part of the Executive but the people at large whole-heartedly welcomed the introduction of Prohibition and supported it. For reasons into which it is not necessary for me to go here, the public continued to remain under the impression that the new Government did not desire to change the Prohibition policy of the Congress Government and it is on this account that three of the ex-Ministers continued to associate themselves with the Government's Prohibition Propaganda Board.

ERRONEOUS JUDGMENT

After this, the Notification introducing Prohibition in Bombay and other places were challenged in a Court of Law and a Full Bench of the Bombay High Court held that the Notifications were 'ultra vires' and had no effect. On the same day, Government passed an Amending Act 'inter alia' validating the Notification of 17th July, 1939. I presume—it is almost certain that Government again consulted its law officers who must have approved of the course adopted. Thereafter there was another case in the Police Court at Bombay and a Reference was made to the High Court on two questions: (1) firstly as regards the power of the Provincial Legislature to introduce total Prohibition and (2) secondly whether there was any effective Notification in existence prohibiting possession of intoxicants by persons generally in the City of Bombay. It is now a matter of common knowledge that another Full Bench consisting of four Judges decided this Reference on the 1st of July, 1940 and it held on the second question that there was no such valid Notification in existence. The process of reasoning by which this conclusion was arrived at is such that it is sufficient for me to say that a number of eminent Lawyers think that the Judgment is thoroughly erroneous. Both the intention and the expressions used in the Governor's Act show that the object of the Act was to bring a valid Notification into existence. Their Lordships, however, observed as follows:—"The Legislature could no doubt have enacted that notwithstanding the decision of this Court, the Notification in question should be treated as being still in force and as having been issued under the original Act as amended. The Legislature had not done that. All that it had done was to say that the Notification should be deemed to have been issued under the Act." This is rather difficult to understand. However I will not at this place criticise the judgment of the High Court as it is not necessary for my purpose to do so.

HIGH COURTS DIFFER

As regards the second point, it seems to be the view of the Full Bench that it is not competent to the Provincial Legislatures to bring about complete Prohibition in a Province, either by Notification or by an Act. They say so because Item No. 19 of the Federal List which gives a list of subjects on which Federal Legislature alone has the right to legislate, reads as follows:—"Export and import across customs' frontiers as defined by the Federal Government." The High Court thinks that it is the Central Legislature alone which could legislate in respect of export and import of intoxicants across the sea frontier of Bombay. Under Item 31 of the Provincial Legislative List, the subject of "intoxicating liquors and narcotic drugs, that it is to say, the production, manufacture, "possession", transport, purchase and sale of intoxicating liquors, opium and other narcotic drugs, but subject as respects opium, to the provisions of List I, and as respects poisons and dangerous drugs, to the provisions of List III." is within the competence of the legislative powers of Provincial Governments. Their Lordships, however, stated that their decision on this point should be regarded as "obiter dictum." As it is stated in the Government Communique of the 14th July, 1940 that the Government of Bombay propose to apply for a Certificate to appeal to the Federal Court against the Judgment of the High Court, I will not comment on this decision further. It will thus be seen that according to the High Court's "obiter dictum", neither by a Prohibition Act nor by any kind of Notification can the Government of Bombay introduce Prohibition in the Province. It is interesting in this connection to know that a simi-

(Continued on page 5 Col. 6)

CONGRESS AND NON-VIOLENCE

A Clarification By Acharya Kripalani

ALLAHABAD, July 16.

"All volunteer corps organised by Congressmen, or the Congress Committees, must be based on non-violence. Every member of such organisations, whether he be a Congressman or not, must pledge himself to non-violence," says Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress in a circular issued to all the Provincial Congress Committees.

He continues that the Congress Pledge in its entirety, must continue to apply to members of the Congress Volunteer Corps, which means that they must in addition to non-violence, pledge themselves to spinning, khadi and participation in civil disobedience. These special rules apply only to Congressmen, but the rule of non-violence must apply to all volunteer corps organised under the Congress auspices, with a purely Congress or mixed membership.

DUE TO MISUNDERSTANDING

This clarification was deemed necessary because, the General Secretary says, doubts have arisen regarding the policy that was to govern the volunteer corps organised under the Congress auspices. These doubts were due to a misunderstanding of the Wardha Resolution of the Working Committee, which says the General Secretary, had made it clear that the fundamental Congress policy of non-violence remained unchanged. The matter was referred to the Working Committee meeting at Delhi, for an authoritative interpretation, upon requests received by the A.I.C.C. Office.

The opinion of the Working Committee is, that the Wardha statement provides for a situation, when all civil authority has disappeared and there is internal chaos, says Acharya Kripalani. "Only under such circumstances, for purposes of such protection, deviation from the strict policy of non-violence has been contemplated. It is also because, as the statement says, the Congress has not acquired such non-violent control over the people as would be adequate to resist the forces of disorder non-violently."

NON-VIOLENCE REMAINS

Nonetheless, continues Acharya Kripalani, it is the earnest hope of the Working Committee that if and when such internal conditions of confusion and chaos arise, the people of India will have acquired sufficient restraint and self-discipline to act non-violently. As long as any organised civil authority functions, the Congress policy of non-violence remains. Non-violence must also continue to be the Congress policy for our freedom struggle.

Acharya Kripalani concludes, "Practical reasons also impose upon the country, the need for non-violence on the members of various volunteer corps, only on basis of non-violence can communal conflicts be avoided."—A.P.

'HITLER ASTROLOGER' SPEAKS

PESHAWAR, July 16.

Hitler's doom is not very far.

An astrologer of Ajmer has calculated that there will be a turning point in Hitler's life on July 27.

His schemes and designs will begin to fail one after the other.

Driven to despair, he will attempt to commit suicide between August 9 and 19. But death will not come to him so soon.

Nature has ordained that he will have to pass the rest of his life as a prisoner of the British.—A. P.

DR. ATAL CONGRATULATED

Jawahar Explains Delhi Resolution To U. P. Congress Council

LUCKNOW, July 16.

The Council of the U. P. Congress Committee met this morning under the presidency of Mr. S. K. D. Palliwal, President. Among those who attended the meeting were Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Sampurnanand, Acharya Narendra Deo and Pndit Keshav Dev Malaviya.

The meeting adopted a resolution congratulating Dr. Atal on his successful Medical Mission to China.

It is understood that the meeting considered in detail the present political situation in the country. It is believed that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru explained at length the significance of the last Working Committees resolution and the circumstances leading to its adoption at Delhi.—A. P.

Mr. Meherally Addresses Viswabharati Students

SANTINIKETAN, July 16.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, met Poet Rabindranath Tagore to-day and addressed the Viswabharati students on the current political problem. He stated that the aim of the Congress Socialists at the present moment was to maintain unity in Congress ranks at all costs and influence the present rightist leadership of the Congress to the path of national struggle.—United Press.

Lt.-Col Wood

SIMLA, July 17.

Lt.-Col. Wood, Director General of Supply, is leaving Simla, on July 20, on a visit to Cawnpore and Calcutta. It is understood that the object of his visit is to make contact with Producers and Provincial Advisory Supply Committees in the United Provinces and Bengal. During his stay in Calcutta, Lt.-Col. Wood will meet the Calcutta Traders' Association.—A. P.

Proposed Non-Political Prohibition Board

Influential Persons Will Be Invited

Working Committee To Discuss Issue At Poona Meeting

The policy of Prohibition adopted by the Bombay Government will be one of the major items, it is understood, which will engage the attention of the Congress Working Committee at its Poona meeting, just before the A.I.C.C. Session.

IN THE MEANTIME, PREPARATIONS ARE BEING MADE IN BOMBAY TO SET UP A NON-POLITICAL PROHIBITION BOARD WHICH WILL BE SO BROAD-BASED AS TO INCLUDE INFLUENTIAL PERSONS, WITHOUT ANY PARTY ALIGNMENTS, BUT WHOSE OPINION ON THE CONTINUANCE OF THE CONGRESS POLICY OF PROHIBITION IS FIRM AND UNSHAKABLE.

The move is, however, sponsored by the local Congress Committee and it is likely that the members of the B. P. C. C. and the available Congress members of the legislature will sit together, early next week, and chalk out a concrete plan by which a non-political Prohibition Board can be crystallised.

It is felt even in non-Congress circles that the policy at present pursued by Government and calculated to strengthen the hands of the "wit" interests, may be abandoned and in view of this, the response for the Congress move is expected to be ready, widespread and magnificent.

This question is also understood to have been discussed at an informal meeting of Congress workers held at Congress House on Tuesday and presided over by Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai.

Although the main question before the meeting was the celebration of the "Tilak Anniversary" on August 1, it was thought that the occasion could be availed of to whip up enthusiasm of the citizens for continuing the Congress prohibition policy. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President of the Congress, will arrive in Bombay on July 30.

The morning of August 1, will be devoted to the celebration of "Tilak Anniversary" by holding processions, flag salutation and by garlanding the statue of the late B. G. Tilak at Chowpatty.

One of the meetings to be held in the evening will be, it is understood, for the propagation of Prohibition.

Congress M.L.A. Shot Dead?

KARACHI, July 17.

An unconfirmed report from Sukkur says Mr. Pamnani, M.L.A., a Congress member representing Sukkur District was shot dead in Rohri Station. Details are lacking.—A.P.

Tragedy Near Rohri Station

SUKKUR, July 17.

Mr. Hassaram Pamnani, M. L. A., was shot dead with a revolver, while he was going alone from Rohri station to Rohri town, near a garden, this morning. Mr. Pamnani had returned by train from Ghotki where he had proceeded to enquire into the alleged murder of Assudamal a Congressman, a few days back.—A. P.

Military Patrol Gujranwala

GUJRANWALA, July 16.

Troops which were called out yesterday patrolled the town this morning. The curfew order also continues to be in force between 9 p.m. and 5 a.m.

Following the peaceful termination of the funeral procession of Sardar Autar Singh, Municipal Commissioner and a member of the Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, last evening. No further incidents occurred to-day.

The situation is under control and all quiet prevails.—A. P.

The Half-Column "By Dim"

Society conversation: "Will you have lunch with me on Friday?" "I am afraid I am booked to serve an A.R.P. sentence. My case comes on that day."

Headline in evening paper: "Gambling suspect hurls shoe at constable". It was probably for good luck.

At the Metro this week is being shown a short entitled "The Giant of Norway". It is the story of Nansen, the man who after the great war devoted his life to allay human suffering and to bring shelter to the homeless refugees of many countries. The famous Nansen passport is named after him. Nansen is dead now for he died in 1930, but there are many who feel that he should be living at this hour. The New York message from the United States Department of Agriculture indicates that 35 million people in Poland are facing direct starvation. The refugees of this war will be more numerous and their plight more shocking than ever before.

Mr. Jinnah will have read with some effect the universal comment of the press and the public on his inexcusable behaviour towards the very dignified Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. It is almost a rude shock to many who knew Mr. Jinnah to be courteous in his manners to see him forget his manners. Mr. Jinnah's politics and his political judgment have already disappointed many people, but at least we were willing to concede him the right to form his own political opinion, but when it comes to overstepping the bounds of courtesy, one does not hesitate to say that Mr. Jinnah is going a little too far. Mr. Jinnah should realize that such behaviour on his part will get him nowhere. Not even those who respected him once can continue to do so. If he changes to the extent of discarding the elementary rules of conduct and behaviour. It is a pity, a great pity to see so much talent so pitiably wasted.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

WHAT DID YUH SAY THE OTHER NAME WAS? 'JITTERBUG'? WHY THAT HORSE WAS IN A RACE ABOUT A WEEK AGO! NOBODY GAVE IT A CHANCE AN' IT CAME IN A 20 TO 1 SHOT!
AND THAT OTHER HORSE — "ASCAMILLO" — HE'S RUNNING THIS AFTERNOON! HE HASN'T A CHANCE! WHY I HAVE TWO DOLLARS ON "MISTER CHIPS" IN THE SAME RACE!
WE OUGHT T' BE ABLE T' GET THE RACING RETURNS ON TH' RADIO, CASEY!
IN A SHORT WHILE A RADIO NEWS COMMENTATOR —
TO START OFF TODAY'S RACING RESULTS WE HAVE AS THE WINNER OF THE FIRST RACE — "JITTERBUG"; SECOND, "MIKADO"; THIRD, "DARK VICTORY"! THE PRICES ON THE WINNER — 38.20, 14.60 AND 8 DOLLARS! DARK VICTORY PAID 3.60 TO PLACE .....
AN' ME BETTIN' MY GOOD MONEY ON 'IM! I'VE ALWAYS SUSPECTED THOSE RACES WERE FIXED! WHERE DID MANCE GET THE RACIN' TIP?
AH! CAMERA MAN - VAN CARR - GAVE IT TO HIM! WOULD LIKE VERY MUCH TO HAVE TALK WITH HIM!
Alfred Andriola
7-1

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